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Materia: ingles II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 2 cuatrimestre

Grupo: técnico en administración de recursos humanos

GRAMMAR

Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with

"whose" and clarify answers to questions with "which".

B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.) A: Whose coat is that?

A: Which is her cup? B: This one is hers. Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun. Is this yours? NOT Is this your?

- Don't use a noun after a possessive

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns mine		
1	my			
you	your	yours		
he	his	his		
she	her	hers		
it	its	its		
we	our	ours		
you	your	yours		
they	their	theirs		

Examples:

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives hers to work.

These are our shoes / These are **ours**.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

Exercise 1. Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer: mine

2. That is her coat.

Answer: its

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: yours

4. Their car and our car are parked on the same street.

Answer: ours

5. Are those my tickets or her tickets?

Answer: his

6. The white house is my mother's house.

Answer: yours

7. Is this painting your painting or her brother's painting?

Answer: theirs

8. The newspaper under the chair is his daughter's paper.

Answer: hers

9. Is this DVD your DVD or your friends'?

Answer: his

10. Are these your son's shoes?

Answer: yours

Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente

C)	terci	Se 2. Contesta correctamente				
1.	This car is _her car. This car is his.					
	a)	he				
	b)	her				
	c)	his				
	d)	hers				
2.	This	house is our house. This house is our				
	a)	our				
	b)	ours				
	c)	we				
	d)	its				
3.	This	hat is my hat. This hat is its				
	a)	I				
	b)	me				
	c)	mine				
	d)	its				
4.	This	is your bike. This bike is _you				
	a)	you				
		your				
		yous				
		yours				
5.	This	is _ his dog. This dog is hers.				
	a)	her				
	b)	his				

- c) hers
- d) she
- 6. These are _ theirs ___ children. These children are theirs.
 - a) theirs
 - b) them
 - c) they
 - d) their

Vocabulary

Exercise 3. Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

- (1) a magazine
- (5) a postcard
- (10) a box of chocolates
- (9) sweets
- (8) batteries
- (4) a newspaper
- (7) a birthday card
- (2) tissues
- (6) chewing gum
- (3) a map

THINGS TO BUY



EVENTS AND TIMES

VOCABULARY

What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.



5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR



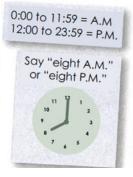
It's twenty to two. It's a quarter to two.



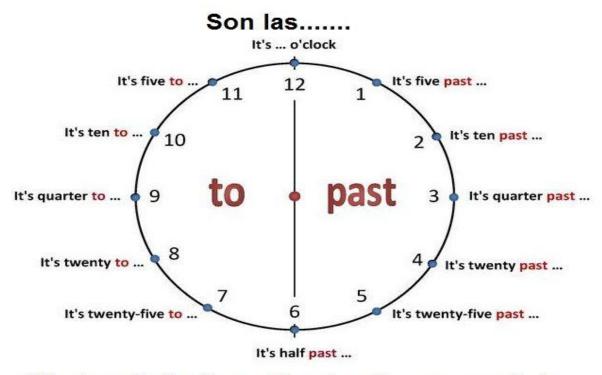
7. It's noon.



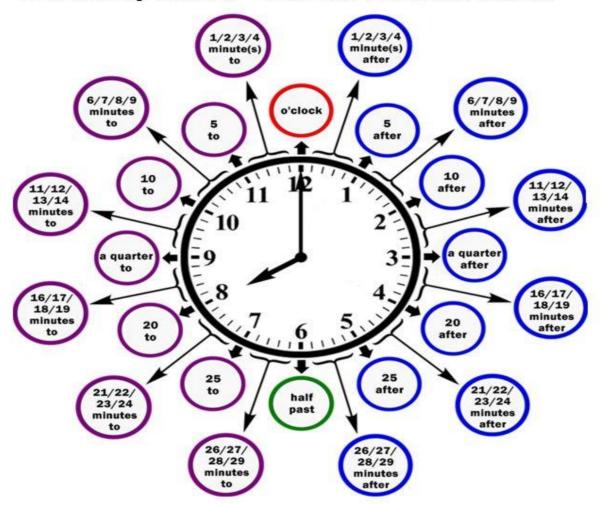
8. It's midnight.







It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

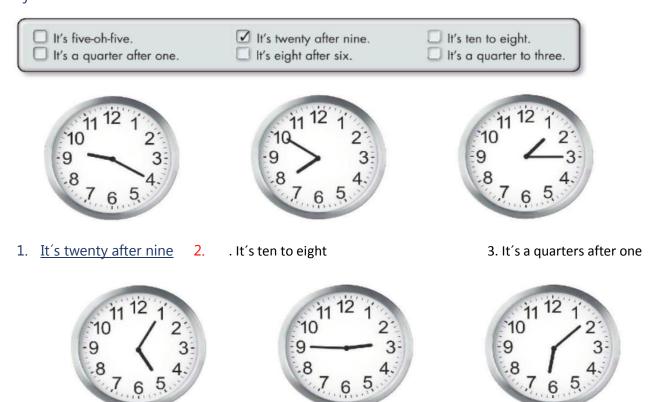


Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItXtQGHnp1E&feature=emb logo&ab channel=DianaPerez

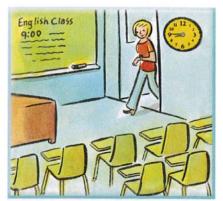


Exercise 4. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



VOCABULARY

Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

VOCABULARY Events



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert

GRAMMAR

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it?

(It's) five twenty.

What time's the party? What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday.

(It's) at nine thirty.

When's the dance?

(It's) at ten o'clock.

(It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is > What time's What day is → What day's

→ When's

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT-What time's it?

When is it? NOT When's it?

Exercise 5. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When is the party?

B: It's at 11:00 p.m.

2. 2: A: what days's the game?

B: It's on Saturday.

3. A: What time is the concert?

B: It's at 8:30.

4. A: What day is the dinner?

B: It's on Tuesday

. 5. A: What day is the dance?

B: It's at Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What day is the class?

B: It's at noon.

GRAMMAR

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

When's the party?

When's the dance?

When's the dance?

When's the dinner?

What day's the meeting?

It's on Tuesday

What day's the meeting? It's on Tuesday.
What time's the movie? It's at noon.

What time's the dance? It's at 8:30.

Be careful! in the morning in the afternoon in the evening BUT at night



Exercise 6. Complete the sentences. Use "in", "on" or "at".

1. The concert ison	_ July 14 _	at	3:00	_in	$_{ ext{-}}$ the afternoon.
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2. The dinner is __in____ December __at___ the 6.

3. The party is _at____ midnight ___on___ Saturday.

4. The movie is __on____ November 1 ____at___ 8:30 p.m.

5. The game is ___on___ Wednesday ___at___ noon.

6. The meeting is at the State Bank ___at__ 11:00 __on___ the morning __ July 18.