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TEMA PRINCIPAL TIME EXPRESSIONS:

LAS TIME EXPRESSIONS PUEDEN SER PALABRAS O EXPRESIONES QUE INDICAN TIEMPO, HAY EXPRESIONES QUE EXPRESAN PASADO, PRESENTE O FUTURO COMO EN LA SIGUIENTE IMAGEN:

TIME EXPRESSIONS 		
PAST	PRESENT	FUTURE
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Yesterday• Last week• Last month• Last year• A little while ago• An hour ago• This morning• In the past	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Today• This week• This month• This year• At the moment• Now• At this time• Nowadays	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tomorrow• Next week• Next month• Next year• In an hour• Soon• In the near future• Later this evening

NOSOTROS NOS ENFOCAREMOS EN LAS TIME EXPRESSIONS EN TIEMPO PRESENTE, ASI TAMBIEN SE CONSIDERAN TIME EXPRESSIONS LAS PREPOSICIONES IN, ON Y AT.

EN INGLÉS LAS PREPOSICIONES IN, ON Y AT PUEDEN USARSE TANTO PARA INDICAR UN LUGAR O PARA INDICAR TIEMPO COMO EN LA IMAGEN SIGUIENTE:

IN, ON Y AT PARA TIEMPO:



Time Expressions – In, On, At

IN

- In the morning
- In the afternoon
- In the evening
- In January
- In December
- In the Summer
- In 1970
- In the 1990's
- In the seventies
- In the 20st century
- In the past
- In the future
- In 15 year's time
- In the Christmas holiday
- In two hours

ON


- On Monday
- On January 3rd
- On the 10th
- On the first day
- On the last day
- On my birthday
- On Christmas day
- On East day
- On holiday
- On my wedding day
- On that day
- on Saturday night
- On a Summer evening



AT

- At 10 o'clock
- At midday
- At noon
- At dusk
- At dawn
- At night
- At the weekend
- At Christmas
- At Easter
- At the moment
- At that time
- At the beginning
- At the end
- At breakfast
- At dinnertime


IN, ON Y AT PARA LUGAR:



PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE

English
Grammar

AT - IN - ON



AT	IN	ON
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• At college• At home• At reception• At school• At the bottom• At the cinema	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• In a taxi/ a car• In the sky• In the building/tower• In a row• In the newspaper• In the garden	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• On the way• On the radio• On the page• On a bicycle• On a ship• On a horse

RESPONDE LOS SIGUIENTES EJERCICIOS DE PRÁCTICA:

1. VE AL LINK QUE TE COMPARTO, AHÍ PUEDES ENTRAR Y HACER LOS EJERCICIOS CON LAS PREPOSICIONES IN, ON, AT, LUEGO PUEDES REVISAR SI TUS RESPUESTAS SON CORRECTAS EN EL BOTÓN "CHECK" Y PUEDES VER LA RESPUESTA CORRECTA EN EL BOTÓN "SHOW".
2. <https://www.perfect-english-grammar.com/prepositions-of-place-exercise-1.html>
3. UNA VEZ QUE HAYAS HECHO LOS EJERCICIOS TÓMALE UNA CAPTURA DE PANTALLA Y PEGALA AQUÍ, EJEMPLO:

Prepositions of Place 1

Put in the correct preposition

1) He's swimming

the
river.

[in]

2) Where's Julie? She's

school.

[at]

3) The plant is

the
table.

[on]

4) There is a spider

the
bath.

[in]

5) Please put those apples

the

bowl.

[in]

6) Frank is

holiday

for three weeks.

[on]

7) There are two pockets

this bag.

[in]

8) I read the story

the

newspaper.

[in]

9) The cat is sitting

the

chair.

[on]

15) I stayed

home

all weekend.

[at]

16) When I called Lucy, she

was the

bus.

[on]

17) There was a spider

the

ceiling.

[.]

18) Unfortunately, Mr Brown

is

hospital.

[in]

19) Don't sit

the

table! Sit

a chair.

10) Lucy was standing

the bus

stop.

[at]

11) I'll meet you

the

cinema.

[in]

12) She hung a picture

the

wall.

[on]

13) John is

the

garden.

[in]

14) There's nothing

TV

tonight.

[on]

20) There are four cushions

the sofa.

[.]

4. REALIZA LA MISMA ACCION CON LOS EJERCICIOS SIGUIENTES: (TAMBIÉN ANEXO LINK)
<https://www.perfect-english-grammar.com/prepositions-of-place-exercise-1.html>

PRESENT PERFECT OR PAST SIMPLE 1

Fill in the blank with the present perfect or the past simple.

- I **Be** (be) to Malaysia.
- When **Meet** (she / meet) him?
- How long **Be** (he / be) ill?
- I **Go** (go) home early yesterday.
- How long **own** (we / own) our car?
- When **Graduate** (she / graduate) from university?
- What time **The children** (the children / go) to bed?
- She **Write** (not / write) a book last summer.
- He **Drink** (drink) too much coffee last week.
- Try** (she / ever / try) snowboarding?
- How long **Live** (you / live) in Madrid?
- Be** (you / ever / be) to Russia?
- We **Go** (not / go) to the party last weekend.
- When **go** (you / go) home?
- Eat** (you / eat) goat?
- You **Want** (want) a laptop for a year.
- She **Have** (have) a phone since 1998.
- I **See** (not / see) Lucy yesterday.
- What time **You** (you / have) breakfast?
- Play** (he / ever / play) chess?

Check



A1/A2 Verb Tenses Exercises

13: Present continuous or present simple 1: stative vs dynamic

Make the present continuous if you can. Otherwise, make the present simple. Watch out for stative verbs!

- He **Love** (love) London at the moment.
- She **Work** (work) at the moment.
- I **Like** (like) these cakes.
- My son **Study** (study) a lot these days.
- They **eat** (not / eat) enough vegetables these days.
- What **you** (you / do) tomorrow?
- Know** (you / know) your neighbours?
- I **Hate** (hate) food at the moment!
- They **Go** (go) to the cinema tonight.
- What **This word** (this word / mean)?
- They **Walk** (walk) to the station now.
- We **Meet** (meet) tonight.
- I **Understand** (not / understand).
- I **Own** (not / own) a car just now.
- She **Sit** (sit) in the garden.
- He **Want** (want) a new laptop at the moment.
- What **You** (you / need) today?
- He **Read** (read) a lot these days.
- That bag **Belong** (belong) to Lucy.
- Julie **Stay** (stay) here all summer.

5. POR ÚLTIMO, RESPONDE EL EJERCICIO A EN DÓNDE ESCOGERÁS QUE OPCIÓN ES LA CORRECTA, CADA ORACIÓN TIENE DOS RESPUESTAS, SIGUE EL EJEMPLO:

Time expressions

9 GRAMMAR FOCUS

Time expressions

I get up	at 6:00	in the morning	on weekdays.	Expressing clock time 6:00 six six o'clock 6:00 A.M. = 6:00 in the morning 6:00 P.M. = 6:00 in the evening
I go to bed	around ten	in the evening	on weeknights.	
I leave work	early	in the afternoon	on weekends.	
I get home	late	at night	on Fridays.	
I stay up	until midnight	on Saturdays.		
I exercise	before noon	on Saturdays.		
I wake up	after noon	on Sundays.		

A Circle the correct words.

- I get up **at** / **until** six **at** / **on** weekdays.
- I have lunch **at** / **early** 11:30 **in** / **on** Mondays.
- I have a little snack **in** / **around** 10:00 **in** / **at** night.
- In** / **On** Fridays, I leave school **early** / **before**.
- I stay up **before** / **until** 1:00 A.M. **in** / **on** weekends.
- I sleep **until** / **around** noon **in** / **on** Sundays.



2 Time expressions

- ▶ Use *in* with *the morning/afternoon/evening*. Use *at* with *night*: He goes to school **in** the afternoon and works **at** night. BUT: **on** Friday night.
- ▶ Use *at* with clock times: She gets up **at** 7:00.
- ▶ Use *on* with days: He gets up early **on** weekdays. She has class **on** Mondays.

RESPONDE LOS SIGUIENTES EJERCICIOS:

COMPLETA LA CONVERSACIÓN CON LAS PALABRAS QUE ESTÁN EN EL RECUADRO:

At early in on until

A:How`s your new job?

B:I love it, but the hours are difficult. I star work on 7:30 A.M., and I work until 3:30

A:That`sinteresting! I work the same hours, but I work at night. I star at 7:30 in the evening and finish until 3:30 in the morning.

B:Wow! What time do you get up?

A:Well, I get home at 4:30 and go to bed at 5:30. And I sleep until 2:00 But I only work at Weekends , so it`s ok. What about you?

B:oh, I work at Monday, wednesnay, and Friday. And get up at -around 6:00 A.M.