



UNIVERSIDAD DEL SURESTE

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$$01.- n = \frac{Z^2 \times P \times q \times N}{e^2(N-1) + Z^2 \times P \times q}$$

$$n = \frac{1.96^2 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 10,000}{0.05^2 \times (10,000 - 1) + 1.96^2 \times 0.5 \times 0.5}$$

$$n = \frac{9,604}{25.9579}$$

$$n = 369.98 = 370$$

02.-

N = Poblacion = 600 trab.

n = Muestra = 20 trab.

Seccion	Trabajadores	n/N	
A	210	0,35	7
B	180	0,3	6
C	150	0,25	5
D	60	0,1	2
Total	600	1	20

$$A = 20 \times 0,35 = 7$$

$$B = 20 \times 0,3 = 6$$

$$C = 20 \times 0,25 = 5$$

$$D = 20 \times 0,1 = 2$$

03. A) Muestreo aleatorio estratificado

B)

$$\frac{N^{\circ} \text{ muestra}}{N^{\circ} \text{ T. trab.}} = \frac{180}{N}$$

$$N = 150 + 450 + 200 + 100 = 900$$

$$\frac{180}{900} = \frac{?_{\text{personal}}}{150} = \frac{?_{\text{personal}}}{150} = \frac{(180)(150)}{900} = 30$$

$$\frac{180}{900} = \frac{?_{\text{ventas}}}{450} = \frac{?_{\text{ventas}}}{450} = \frac{(180)(200)}{900} = 40$$

$$\frac{180}{900} = \frac{?_{\text{contabilidad}}}{200} = \frac{?_{\text{contabilidad}}}{200} = \frac{(180)(200)}{900} = 40$$

$$\frac{180}{900} = \frac{?_{\text{atención}}}{100} = \frac{?_{\text{atención}}}{100} = \frac{(180)(100)}{900} = 20$$

$$?_{\text{personal}} + ?_{\text{ventas}} + ?_{\text{Contabilidad}} + ?_{\text{atención}}$$

$$30 + 90 + 40 + 20 = 180$$

04. Media = $600 + 470 + 170 + 430 + 300 = 1970 / 5$
 $= 394 \text{ mm}$

$$\text{Varianza} = \sigma^2 = \frac{206^2 + 176^2 + (-224)^2 + 36^2 + (-194)^2}{5}$$

$$= \frac{109.520}{5} = 21.704$$

$$\text{Desviación } \sigma = \sqrt{21.704} = 147.32 = 147$$