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Nombre del trabajo: ACTIVIDAD 2

Materia: INGLES

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 1

Grupo: A

Instrucción: Escribe las oraciones según las imágenes.

Explicación Youtube: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=krz5NWFilhE>

Explicación más elaborada: <https://trucoslondres.com/aprender-ingles/vocabulario/horas-ingles/>

What time is it? Use the sentences in the box.

It's five-oh-five.

It's twenty after nine.

It's ten to eight.

It's a quarter after one.

It's eight after six.

It's a quarter to three.



1. It's twenty after nine.



2. It's ten to eight



3. It's a quarter after one



4. It's five-oh-five.



5. It's a quarter to three



6. It's eight after six.

¿Qué estás haciendo? Que están haciendo tus amigos? Escribe las oraciones.

What are you doing? What are your friends doing? Write sentences.

1. They're doing sports
2. He's helping his mom
3. I'm doing homework
4. My Friends are studying
5. She's cooking
6. _____

Instrucción: escriba las palabras en el cuadro de acuerdo con estas imágenes.

What are these people doing? Write sentences. Use the words in the box.

- | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> dance | <input type="checkbox"/> read a book | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sleep |
| <input type="checkbox"/> drive | <input type="checkbox"/> ride a bike | <input type="checkbox"/> swim |
| <input type="checkbox"/> play a video game | <input type="checkbox"/> shop | <input type="checkbox"/> take a walk |



1. She's sleeping.



2. He is swimming



3. They're playing video game



4. She's riding a bike



5. They're shopping in the store



6. He's taking a walk



7. He's driving



8. She's Reading a book



9. They're dancing

Presente Simple – (Simple Present Tense)

El Presente Simple es un tiempo verbal que se utiliza para describir acciones habituales que suceden con cierta frecuencia y no hace referencia a si está ocurriendo en el momento actual.

I play tennis. Yo juego al tenis.

(Hace mención de un deporte que realizo cotidianamente y que no necesariamente lo estoy jugando en este momento). He works in an office. Él trabaja en una oficina.

(Se refiere al trabajo que desarrolla una persona frecuentemente). They travel to Madrid. Ellos viajan a Madrid.

(Habla de un viaje que se repite a diario, aunque el sujeto no lo esté realizando ahora).

A continuación se muestran las formas afirmativa, interrogativa y negativa de este tiempo verbal:

SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE (Presente Simple)		
MODO AFIRMATIVO	MODO INTERROGATIVO	MODO NEGATIVO
I play Yo juego	Do I play? ¿Juego yo?	I do not play Yo no juego
You play Tú juegas	Do you play? ¿Juegas tú?	You do not play Tú no juegas
He plays Él juega	Does he play? ¿Juega él?	He does not play Él no juega
She plays Ella juega	Does she play? ¿Juega ella?	She does not play Ella no juega
It plays Él/Ella juega	Does it play? ¿Juega él / ella?	It does not play Él / Ella no juega
We play Nosotros jugamos	Do we play? ¿Jugamos nosotros?	We do not play Nosotros no jugamos
You play Ustedes juegan	Do you play? ¿Juegan ustedes?	You do not play Ustedes no juegan
They play Ellos juegan	Do they play? ¿Juegan ellos?	They do not play Ellos no juegan

Explicación más elaborada:

<http://www.aprenderinglesfacil.es/2008/03/presente-simple-simple-present-tense.html>

Explicación Youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7TMXvhjMMSE>

Instrucción: elija las respuestas correctas y llene los espacios en blanco.

GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple present statements

I walk to school.	I don't live far from here.	don't = do not doesn't = does not
You ride your bike to school.	You don't live near here.	
He works near here.	He doesn't work downtown.	
She takes the bus to work.	She doesn't drive to work.	
We live with our parents.	We don't live alone.	
They use public transportation.	They don't need a car.	

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

- My family and I*live*..... (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I*Work*..... (work / works) near here, so we*Work*..... (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Emily*Works*..... (work / works) downtown, so she*Drives*..... (drive / drives) to work. Our son*Don't*..... (don't / doesn't) drive. He*Rides*..... (ride / rides) his bike to school.
- My parents*Live*..... (live / lives) in the city. My mother*Takes*..... (take / takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he*Don't*..... (don't / doesn't) work now. He also*Use*..... (use / uses) public transportation, so they*Don't*..... (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: *he, she, it*

walk	→	walks
ride	→	rides
study	→	studies
watch	→	watches