



**Nombre de alumno: Karla Jazmín Aguilar  
Díaz**

**Nombre del profesor: Ana Laura Culebro  
Torres**

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**Grupo: A**

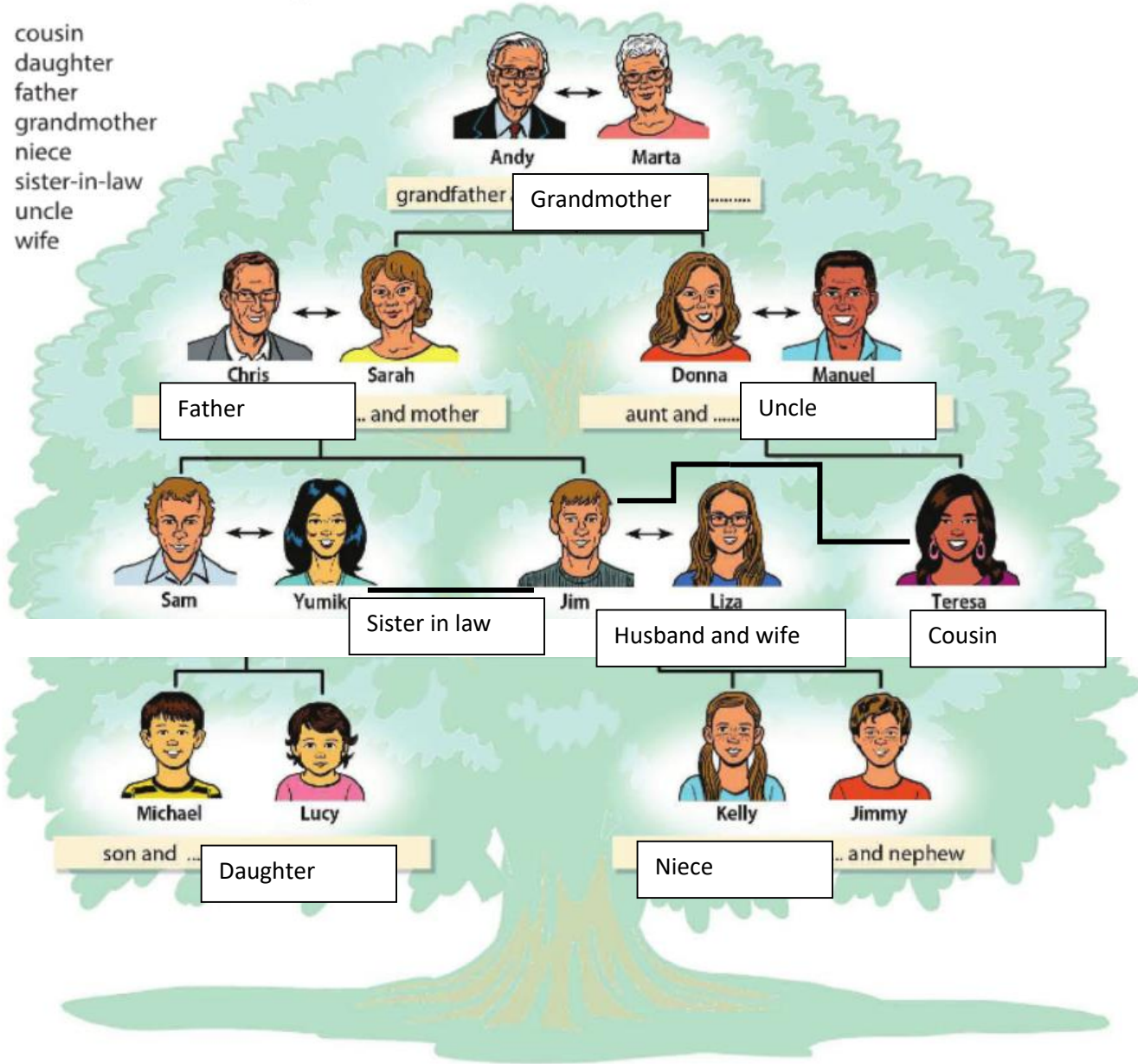
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# I come from a big family

## 1 WORD POWER Family

**A** Look at Sam's family tree. How are these people related to him? Add the words to the family tree.

cousin  
daughter  
father  
grandmother  
niece  
sister-in-law  
uncle  
wife



**B** Draw your family tree (or a friend's family tree). Then take turns talking about your families. Ask follow-up questions to get more information.

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A: There are five people in my family. I have two brothers and a sister.  
B: How old is your sister?

## 5 GRAMMAR FOCUS

### Present continuous

Are you <b>living</b> at home now?	Yes, I <b>am</b> .	No, I' <b>m not</b> .
Is your sister <b>working</b> for the government?	Yes, she <b>is</b> .	No, she' <b>s not</b> ./No, she <b>isn't</b> .
Are Ed and Jill <b>taking</b> classes this year?	Yes, they <b>are</b> .	No, they' <b>re not</b> ./No, they <b>aren't</b> .
Where <b>are</b> you <b>working</b> now?	<b>I'm not working.</b> I need a job.	
What <b>is</b> your brother <b>doing</b> ?	<b>He's traveling</b> in the Amazon.	
What <b>are</b> your friends <b>doing</b> these days?	<b>They're studying</b> for their exams.	

### 1 Present continuous (page 32)

- ▶ Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening now: What **are** you **doing (these days)**? **I'm studying** English.
- ▶ The present continuous is present of *be* + *-ing*. For verbs ending in *e*, drop the *e* and add *-ing*: have → having, live → living.
- ▶ For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add *-ing*: sit → sitting.

Write questions with the words in parentheses and the present continuous. Then complete the responses with short answers or the verbs in the box.

live    study    take    ✓ teach    work

1. A: (what / your sister / do / these days) *What's your sister doing these days?*  
 B: *She's teaching* English.  
 A: Really? (she / live / abroad) *Is she living abroad?*  
 B: Yes, *She is* ..... She *is living* ..... in South Korea
2. A: (how / you / spend / your summer) *How are you spending your summer?*  
 B: I *Am studying* ..... part-time. I *Am studying* ..... two classes also.  
 A: (what / you / take) *What class are you taking?*  
 B: My friend and I *Are taking* ..... photography and Japanese. We like our classes a lot.

# 10 GRAMMAR FOCUS

## Quantifiers

100%	<b>All</b>	
	<b>Nearly all</b>	families have only one child.
	<b>Most</b>	
	<b>Many</b>	
	<b>A lot of</b>	families are smaller these days.
	<b>Some</b>	
	<b>Not many</b>	couples have more than one child.
	<b>Few</b>	
0%	<b>No one</b>	gets married before the age of 18.



**A** Rewrite these sentences using quantifiers. Then compare with a partner.

- In the U.S., 75% of high school students go to college.  
In the U.S. most of high school students go to college
- Seven percent of the people in Brazil are age 65 or older.  
Few of the people in Brazil are age 65 or older
- In India, 0% of the people vote before the age of 18.  
In India no one of the people vote before the age of 18
- Forty percent of the people in Sweden live alone.  
Some of the people in Sweden live alone
- In Singapore, 23% of the people speak English at home.  
In Singapore, not many of the people speak English at home

## 2 Quantifiers (page 34)

- Use *a lot of*, *all*, *few*, *nearly all* before plural nouns: **A lot of/All/Few/Nearly all** families are small. Use *no one* before a verb: **No one** gets married before the age of 18.
- Nearly all* means "almost all."

Read the sentences about the small town of Monroe. Rewrite the sentences using the quantifiers in the box. Use each quantifier only once.

a lot of    all    few    nearly all    ✓ no one

- In Monroe, 0% of the people drive before the age of 16.  
*In Monroe, no one drives before the age of 16.*
- Ninety-eight percent of students finish high school.  
Nearly all of students finish high school
- One hundred percent of children start school by the age of six.  
All of children start school by the age of six
- Eighty-nine percent of couples have more than one child.  
A lot of couples have more than one child
- Twenty-three percent of families have more than four children.  
Few of families have more than four children

**5** Complete these sentences. Use the simple present or the present continuous of the verbs given.



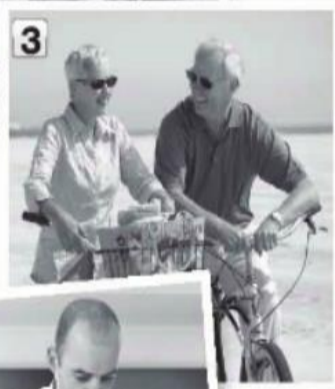
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1. This is my aunt Barbara.  
 She lives (live) in Rome, but  
 she is visiting (visit) Chile this summer.  
 She takes (take) some summer classes there.



2

2. And these are my parents.  
 They work (work) in London.  
 They are (be) on vacation right now.



3

3. And here you can see my grandparents.  
 They aren't working (not work) now.  
 They are (be) retired.



4

4. This is my brother-in-law Edward.  
 He wants (want) to be a company  
 director. He is studying (study) business  
 in Canada right now.



5

5. And this is my niece Christina.  
 She goes (go) to high school.  
 She likes (like) mathematics, but  
 she doesn't like (not like) English.

**6** Choose a friend or a family member. Write about him or her using the simple present and present continuous.