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Nombre del trabajo: Weekly Activity #1 Unit 3

Materia: INGLES 1

Grado: 1ER CUATRIMESTRE

Grupo: LAN02EMC0120-A

Comitán de Domínguez Chiapas a 10 denoviembre de 2020.

**Exercise 1**. Translate to spanish the vocabulary above – Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba.

1. Tie - corbata	1. Hat - goroo
2. Shirt - camisa	2. Cap - gorra
3. Belt - cinturon	3. Sweater - sueter
4. Coat - saco	4. T-shirt - playera
5. Jacket - chaqueta	5. Gloves - guantes
6. Pants - pantalones	6. Shorts - shorts
7. Suit - traje	7. Jeans – pantalones
8. Shoes - zapatos	8. Socks - calcetas
9. Raincoat - impermeable	9. Boots - botas
10. Dress - vestido	10. Sneakers - tennis
11. Scart - Bufanda	11. Pajamas - pijamas
12. Blouse - blusa	12. Swimsuits – traje de baño

**Exercise 2**. Complete the chart with the vocabulary above – Completa la tabla con el vocabulario de arriba.

Clothes for warm weather (Ropa para clima calido)	Clothes for warm weather (Ropa para clima frio)		
Dress, Swimsuits, T-shirts, Sneakers, Skirt,	Hat,Jacket, Coat, Raincoat, Scarf,		
Jeans, Blouse	Cap, Sweater, Gloves, Socks, Boots		

**Exercise 3**. Complete the converstaion – Completa laconversa, revisa el ejemplo.

- 1 Possessives
- The noun comes after a possessive adjective: This is my T-shirt.
- Don't include the noun after a possessive pronoun: This T-shirt is **mine**.
- Whose can be used with singular and plural nouns: Whose bag is this? Whose keys are these?

Complete the conversations. Use the words in the boxes. There are two extra words in each box.

his	mine	my	your	yours	✓ whose
					hil? <mark>his</mark>
her	our	ours	your	yours	
	These aren't No, they're r		books. A		<mark>yours</mark> <sub>?</sub> Young-min's.
her	hers	their	theirs	whose	
3. A:	whose s	weaters a	are these? A	re they Jul	ie's?

B: No, they're not .....hers sweaters. But these shorts are .....her .....

Exercise 3. Complete the converstaion - Completa laconversa, revisa el ejemplo.

- A: These aren't ......my (my / mine) gloves. Are they .....your (your / yours)?
- - B: No, they're not ....theirs (their / theirs) T-shirts. But these socks are Theirs (their / theirs). And these shorts are ....yours...... (your / yours).

Exercise 4. Select the correct answer.

This car is \_\_\_\_\_ car. This car is his.

a) he

b) her

c) his

d) hers

This house is our house. This house is \_\_\_\_\_.

a) our

b) Ours

c) we

d) its

This hat is my hat. This hat is \_\_\_\_\_.

a) I

b) me

c) mine

d) its

This is your bike. This bike is \_\_\_\_\_.

a) you

b) your

c) yous

d) vours

This is \_\_\_\_\_ dog. This dog is hers.

a) her

b) his

c) hers

d) she

These are \_\_\_\_\_ children. These children are theirs.

a) theirs

b) them

c) they

d) their

**Exercise 1**. What season is it? How is the weather? Write two sentences about each picture. ¿Qué estación es? ¿Como está el clima? Escribe dos oraciones acerca de cada figura.



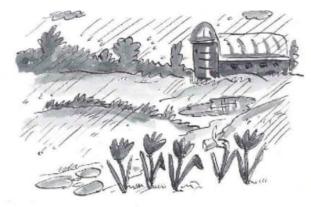
It's winter.
 It's very cold.



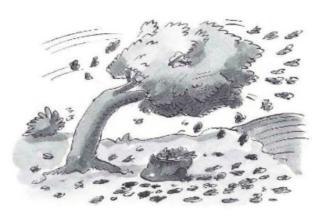
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_It is sunny
  - She is enjoying the sun



5. <u>It is hot</u> The sun burns



2. <u>It's rainv</u> <u>It is very strong</u>



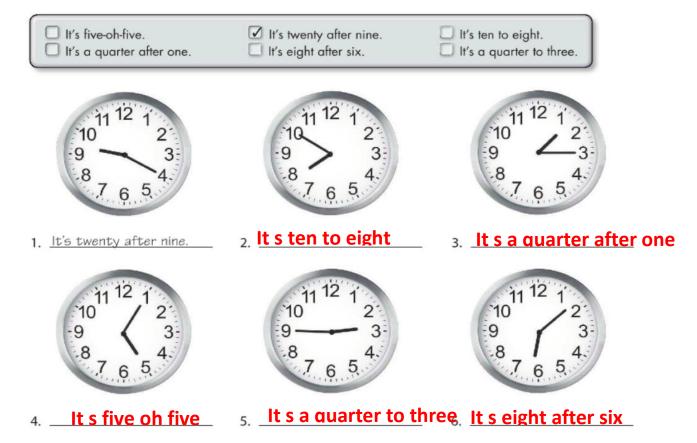
lt is winch

4.

The windy is strong



6. <u>It is cold</u> Thev like the cold **Exercise 2**. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Que hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.

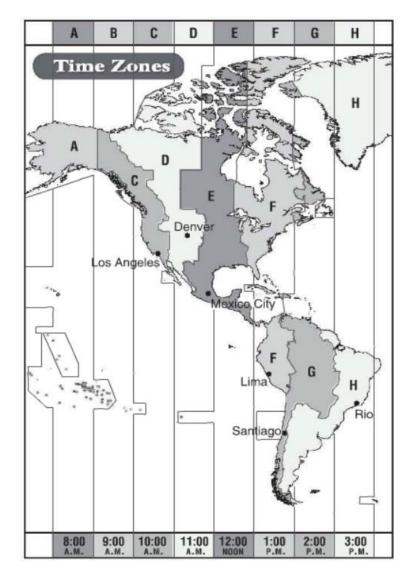


**Exercise 3**. What time is it in each city? Write the time in two different ways. ¿Que hora es en cada ciudad? Escribe la hora en dos formas diferentes.

1. It's 10:00 a.m. in Los Angeles.

It's ten o'clock in the morning.

- 2. It s ten to three in rio It s 2:50 in rio
- 3. It s a quarter after eleven It s 11:15 a.m in denver
- 4. <u>It s six after seven in santiago</u> <u>It s 7:06 in santiago</u>
- 5. It s twelve o clock in mexico city It s 12:00 in mexico city
- 6. <u>It s five oh five in lima</u> It s 5:05 in lima



**Exercise 1.** Complete these sentences with the conjuntions "and", "but" or "so". Completa las oraciones usando la conjunción "and", "but" ó "so"

- He's wearing jeans and sneakers, <u>and</u> he's wearing a T-shirt.
- It's very cold outside, <u>but</u> I'm not wearing a coat.
- 3. Her skirt is blue, \_\_\_\_\_ her blouse is blue, too.
- It's raining, <u>so</u> I need an umbrella.
- He's wearing an expensive suit, <u>but</u> he's wearing sneakers.
- It's summer and it's very sunny, <u>but</u> it's hot.

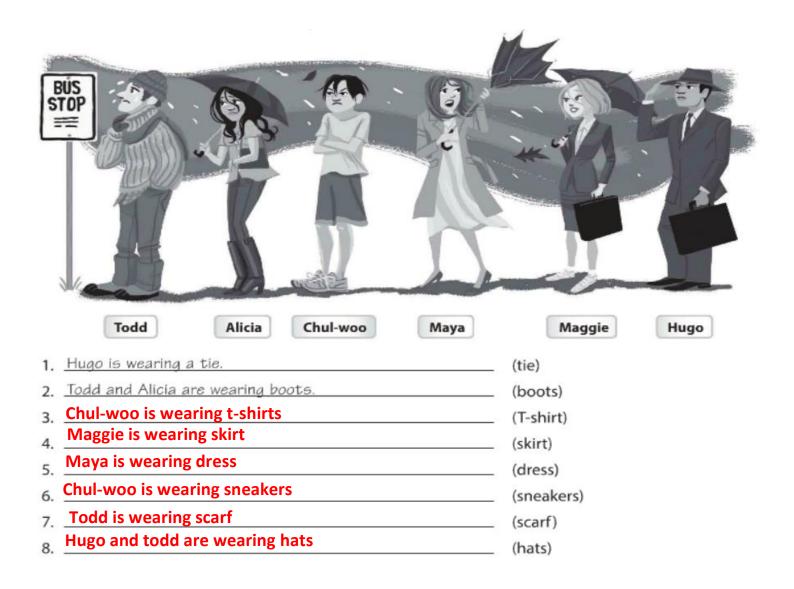
Exercise 2. Cambia las oraciones afirmativas a negativas y las oraciones negativas a afirmativas.

Change the affirmative sentences to negative sentences. Change the negative sentences to affirmative sentences.

- 1. Mr. and Mrs. Lee are wearing hats. Mr. and Mrs. Lee aren't wearing hats.
- 2. It isn't raining. <u>It is raining</u>
- 3. I'm wearing sunglasses. I am not wearing sunglasses

- You're wearing a new suit.
  You are not wearing a new suit
  Michiko isn't wearing gloves.

Exercise 3. Escribe las oraciones usando las palabras en paréntesis.



**Exercise 4**. Escribe una conversación escribiendo que están haciendo las personas usando las palabras en paréntesis.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

	A: <u>What's Steve doing?</u> B: <u>He's watching TV.</u>	(watch TV)
	A: What are joe and megan doing? B: They are taking a walk What are you doing?	(take a walk)
3.	A: what are you doing:	(you)
4	B: I am writing conversations A: What s chris doing?	(write conversations) (Chris)
	B: She is calling asheley	(call Ashley)
5.	A: What are you and taylor doing? B: We are shopping	
6.	A: What s sara doing?	(Sara)
7.	B: She is having a dinner A: What are victor and sam doing?	(Victor and Sam)
8.		(you and Paulo)
	B: We are chatting online	(chat online)