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Nombre del trabajo: Weekly Activity #1 Unit 3

Materia: INGLES

Grado: 3ER CUATRIMESTRE

Grupo: A

GRAMMAR - The comparatives

Comparatives are used to compare two things and to highlight the superiority, inferiority or equality of one term to another.

| SUPERIORITY | EQUALITY | INFERIORITY |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) short adjectives: adjective + -ER THAN Example: Peter is taller than Sandra. b) Long adjectives: MORE + adjective + THEN Example: A Ferrari is more expensive than a Mini. | short and long adjectives: AS + adjective + AS Example: English is as easy as German. | short and long adjective: LESS+adj + THAN Example: July is less cold than January. |

^{*} short adjectives: are 1-syllable adjectives and 2-syllable adjectives ending in -y (ex: pretty).

Orthographic changes:

- If the adjective ends in "y" the "y" becomes "i": heavy- heavier.
- If the adjective ends in "e" only an "r" is needed: wise- wiser.
- If the adjective ends with a "single vowel + consonant" the consonant is doubled and you add "er": big-bigger.

Irregular forms:

These adjectives and adverbs have irregular comparative forms.

- Good/well-better. Example: the garden looks better now.
- **Bad/badly-worse**. Example: is your teacher better? No, she is worse.
- Far/further. Example: It's a long walk form here to the station. Further than I think.
- * further= can also mean "more" or "additional". Example: for further information check the website.

^{*} long adjectives: all the other adjectives.

| Exercise 1. Complete the sentences using a comparative form. |
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| 1. It's too noisy here. Can we go somewhere (quiet) <u>quieter</u> ? |
| 2. The coffee is very weak. I like it a bit (strong)stronger |
| 3. The hotel is surprisingly big. I expected it to be (small)smaller |
| 4. The hotel is surprisingly cheap. I expected it to be (expensive) _more expensive |
| 5. The weather is too cold in this country. I'd like to live somewhere (warm)warmer |
| 6. My job is a bit boring sometimes. I'd like to do something (exciting)more exciting |
| 7. I'm surprised how easy it is to use the computer. I thought it would be (difficult)more difficult |
| 8. Your work isn't very good. I'm sure you can do (good)better |
| 9. Don't worry. The situation isn't so bad. It could be (bad)worse |
| 10. I'm surprised we got here so quickly. I expected the journey to take (long)longer |
| 11. You're talking very loudly. Can you speak a bit (quietly) more quietly? |
| 12. You're standing too near the camera. Can you move a bit (far) _further away? |
| 13. You were a bit depressed but you look (happy)happier today. |
| |
| Exercise 2. Complete the sentences using asas. |
| 1. I'm quite tall but you are taller. I'm not <u>as tall as</u> you. |
| 2. My salary is high but yours is higher. My salary isn'tas high as |
| 3. You know a bit about cars but I know more. You don't |
| 4. I'm very nervous but you are more. I'm notas nervous as you |
| 5. I feel tired and you too. I'm |
| |
| Exercise 3. Rewrite these sentences so that they have the same meaning. |
| Jack is younger than he looks. Jack isn't <u>as old as</u> he looks. |
| 2. I don't spend as much money as you. You |
| 3. The station is nearer than I thought. The station isn'tas nearer as |

| 4. The meal doesn't cost as much as I expected. The meal | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 5. I go out less than before. I don't | | |
| 6. Her hair isn't as long as it was. She has | | |
| Exercise 4. Write the adjectives in brackets in the comparative form. | | |
| 1. John Lennon was (old) <u>as older as</u> Paul McCartney. | | |
| 2. Some people think the Met is (good) _as better as the Louvre. | | |
| 3. Eric was (afraid) _more afraid in Harlem in the Subway. | | |
| 4. Cats are (nice)nicest dogs. | | |
| 5. Cartoons are (good)better music programmes. | | |
| 6. The Empire State is (big)the biggest the Chrysler Building. | | |
| 7. Barcelona is (small) _smaller Madrid, but (big)bigger Valencia. | | |
| 8. Scotland is (cold) than the South of England. | | |
| 9. I like cats - they're (interesting) than dogs. | | |
| 10. Charity shops are (cheap) than other shops. | | |
| 11. Buy that MP3 player. It's (good) than the other one. | | |
| 12. I spend a lot of time with Petra - she's (friendly) than the other students. | | |
| 13. In winter, Venice is (quiet) than in summer. | | |
| 14. The maths exam was bad, but physics was even (bad)! | | |