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Nombre del trabajo: Weekly Activity #1 Unit 4

Materia: INGLES

Grado: 3ER CUATRIMESTRE

Grupo: A

GRAMMAR - Would like

- We use "would like" (contraction: I'd like) to politely express what we want, likes and dislikes. We use it either with verbs and nouns.

Example (verb): I would like to eat a pizza now. WOULD LIKE + TO + VERB

Example (noun): I would like a Coke now. WOULD LIKE + NOUN

- We also use "would like" to make polite offers and requests.

Example (offer): Would you like some tea?

Example (request): I would like to get a return ticket for tomorrow.

- Questions and answers

Would you like to go to the concert with me? Yes, I would. / No, I would not or I wouldn't (contraction).

Be careful!

Don't contract "would" in affirmative short answers.

Example: Would you like to listen to music? Yes, I would NOT Yes, I'd.

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences using a comparative form.

- 1. Sara: "_b)___ some cake?" Marta: "Yes, please!".
 - a. do you like
- b. would you like
- 2. Steve: "What sort of music _a)__?". Andy: "Dance music".
 - a. do you like
- b. would like
- 3. Jana: "_a)___ a banana?" Nick: "No, thanks I'm not hungry".
 - a. would you like
- b. do you like
- 4. Liz: "_b)____ bananas?" Paul: "Yes, I love them!".
 - a. would you like
- b. do you like
- 5. Tony: "do you play tennis?" Mike: "Yes, I do". Tony: "_b)___ to play a game now?" Mike: "Yeah, sure!"
 - a. do you like
- b. would you like
- 6. I'm hot and thirsty. _a)___ a cold drink.
 - a. I'd like

- b. I like
- 7. I'm tired. _a)___ to go to bed now.

a. I'd like	b. I like					
8. " <u>)</u> an apple, please	!".					
a. I'd like	b. I like					
9a) apples. They're n	ny favorite fruit.					
a. I like	b. I'd lik	се				
10. I <u>b)</u> to go to Italy fo	or a holiday next	year.				
a. like	b would	d like				
Exercise 2. Form sentenc	es with "would	like to" a	ınd one of the	verbs from th	ne list below.	
go	have	make	see	talk	visit	
1. Wewould like to me	ake		dinner.			
2. We _would like to hav	/e		a pizza.			
3. Iwould like to go_	to a restau	rant.				
4. Janewould like to	see	_ the film	٦.			
5. Theywould like to vis	sitLo	ndon.				
6. Iwould like to talk_	tc	you.				
		,				
GRAMMAR - The past ter	use of "be".					
Affirmative/ negative						
, minimum e, megam e						
Singular			Plural			
He \ was/wasn't at	school vester	dav.	We You \ wer	e/weren't a	t home.	
She)		2. 2. 7 .	They	•		
				_		
Example: There was a d	concert last nigl	TT.	Example: The	re were movie	es last weeke	end.

Questions

Singular Plural Was I? Were we ...? Yes, we was/ No, we wasn't Yes,ı was/No,l wasn't Were you ...? Was He ...? you you Не Не they were they .. Was She .? She She they Was it ...?

There was/ there were

Affirmative

Negative

There is (present) – there was (past).

There isn't (present)- there wasn't

Example: There was a concert last night.

There are (present) – there were (past)

Example: There were two movies last weekend

WH- questions

Where

When + was/were + subject + complement

Who

Example: Where were you last night?

Example: When was she in Italy?.

Example: Who was at the party yesterday?

Exercise 3. Complete with the Past Simple of "be".

1. A: Where were Paul and Jackie last night?

B: I don't know, but they <u>were</u> here.

2. A: __was_____ she at school yesterday?

B: No. She ___was____ at home.

3. A: When __were____ you in Italy? Last year?

B: Last year? No, we __were____ in Italy last year.

4. A: What time was the movie?

B: It __was____ at 7:00.

5. A: _were_____ your parents at home at 10:00 last night?

B: No. They __were____ at a play.

6. A: Who _was at work on Monday'
B: Barry and Annewere But Iwas
Exercise 4. Fill in the blanks with "was" or "were".
1. Wewere the champions last year.
2. Where is James? Hewas here just now.
3. Mom and Dadwere on vacation last week.
4. The weatherwas fine this morning.
5. Therewere a lot of people at our party yesterday.

6. There _was____ a small lake here many years ago.

GRAMMAR - The Past Simple tense

7. He _was_____ sick yesterday.

- We use the Past Simple to talk about completed actions or situations that took place at a specific time in the past.

Example: I visited Berlin last week.

Example: Andrew watched TV yesterday.

- Sometimes the speaker may not mention the specific time, but they do have a specific time in mind.

Example: When I went to Japan I enjoyed it a lot.

Regular verbs

<u>Affirmat</u>	<u>tive</u>	<u>Negative</u>	_	<u>Questions</u>	
1 \				1	
You				you	
He				he	
She	liked the movie	didn't like the concert.	Did	she like the movie?	Yes, she did.
l†				it	No, she didn't.
We				we	
You				you	
They /				they	

Spelling changes

- Regular verbs add –ed to the base form.

Example: watch-watched

- If the base form ends in "e", just add -d.

Example: like-liked

- If the base form ends in a consonant + "y", add -ied.

Example: study- studied

- If the base form ends in a vowel + "y", add -ed.

Example: play- palyed

- If the base form ends in a consonant after a stressed vowel at the end of the word, double the consonant and add –ed.

Example: stop- stopped

Irregular verbs

Some verbs have an irregular form for the Past Simple. There is no rule for these verbs. You should learn them by heart.

Here are some examples.

Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form Past Simple	Base Form Past Simple
buy \rightarrow	bought	eat $ ightarrow$ ate	$read \to read$
$come \to$	came	get $ ightarrow$ got	say $ ightarrow$ said
$\operatorname{cut} \to $	cut	go $ ightarrow$ went	see $ ightarrow$ saw
$do \to $	did	have \rightarrow had	take \rightarrow took
$drink \ \rightarrow$	drank	$make {\to} made$	think \rightarrow thought
$\text{drive } \to$	drove	put \rightarrow put	write \rightarrow wrote

For more irregular verbs see page 44.

Exercise 5. Complete the conversations with the Simple Past tense.

1. A: Where <u>did your family go</u>	_ (your family / go) on Saturday?
B:we went (we / see) a go	(we / go) to the movieswe bod family movie.
A:You went(yo	ou / go) out to eat afterwards?
B: Yes, we _ate(it / have) a lot	(we / eat) Indonesian foodit of pepper.
A: But <u>I thought your husband didn't</u> peppery food.	like (I/ think) (your husband / not like)
B: Actually,he ate_ saw (he / say) it was g	(he / eat) a little andhe
2. A:who took	(who / take) out he garbage this morning?
B: Actually,Laura did	(Laura / do).
A: Andwho did	(who / do) the laundry?
B: I'm not sure. But I thinkLaura did_ morning, too.	(Laura / do) the laundry this
A: That's great, butyou did	(you / do) any household chores?
B: Me? Last weeki did	(I / do) all the chores:
i went (I / go)	shopping, andi came(I /
early, andi made	(I / make) dinner every night.

Exercise 6. Fill in the blanks with the correct Past Simple tense of the verbs in brackets.
1. She _went home alone. (go)
2. The windblew throughout the night. (blow)
3. An appledroppest o his head. (drop).
4. The princess' ballrolled into the well. (roll)
5. A frogjumped into the well andbrought it back to her. (jump / bring).
6. Jackgot the highest grade in his English class. (get)
7. The partybegan at 8:00 P.M. (begin)
8. Hesold his old car andbuying a new one. (sell/buy)
9. Jackieclimbed up the ladder carefully. (climb)
10. Whoclosed all the windows? (close)