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**Nombre del trabajo: Whose jeans are these?**

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

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# Whose jeans are these?

## WORD POWER Clothes

A Listen and practice.

(ROPA PARA EL TRABAJO)

### CLOTHES FOR WORK

Labels for work clothes: (corbata) tie, (camisa) shirt, (cinturón) belt, (chaqueta) jacket, (pantalones) pants, (saco) coat, (zapatos) shoes, (falda) skirt, (blusa) blouse, (bufanda) scarf, (vestido) dress, (traje) suit.

(ROPA PARA EL TIEMPO LIBRE)

### CLOTHES FOR LEISURE

Labels for leisure clothes: (gorro/sombrero) hat, (sueter) sweater, (gorro) cap, (camiseta) T-shirt, (guantes) gloves, (jeans) pants, (shorts) (pantalón corto), (botas) boots, (calcetines) socks, (pajamas) (pijama), (trajes de baño) swimsuits, (sneakers).

B Complete the chart with words from part A.

(Ropa para clima cálido)

(Ropa para clima frío)

Clothes for warm weather	Clothes for cold weather
 <p>(1) cap (2) T-shirt (3) shorts (4) Swimsuits (5) Sneakers</p>	 <p>(1) hat (2) sweater (3) gloves (4) Jeans (5) boots (6) Pajamas (7) raincoat</p>

C PAIR WORK Look around the classroom. What clothes do you see? Tell a partner.

"I see jeans, a sweater, boots, and . . ."

# GRAMMAR FOCUS

## Possessives

Adjectives	Pronouns	Names
(mi/mis) <b>my</b>	(mío/mía/míos (as)/ <b>mine</b>	<b>Pat's</b> blouse /s/
(tu/tus) <b>your</b>	(tuyo/tuya) <b>yours</b>	<b>Julie's</b> jeans /z/
These are his (socks)	These socks are <b>his</b> .	<b>Rex's</b> T-shirt /tʃ/
(su/sus) <b>her</b> (ella)	(suya/suyas) ella <b>hers</b>	<b>Whose</b> blouse is this? It's <b>Pat's</b> .
nuestro/nuestras) <b>our</b>	(los/las nuestras) <b>ours</b>	<b>Whose</b> jeans are these? They're <b>Julie's</b> .
(su/sus) <b>their</b> (ellos)	(sus/de ellas (as)) <b>theirs</b>	

**A** Complete the conversations with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Hey! These aren't our (our / ours) clothes!

B: You're right. Ours (Our / Ours) are over there.
- A: These aren't my (my / mine) gloves. Are they yours (your / yours)?

B: No, they're not mine (my / mine). Ask Sally. Maybe they're her (her / hers).
- A: Whose (Whose / Yours) T-shirts are these? Are they Julie's and Pat's?

B: No, they're not their (their / theirs) T-shirts. But these socks are theirs (their / theirs). And these shorts are yours (your / yours).

### 1 Possessives

- ▶ The noun comes after a possessive adjective: This is **my** T-shirt.
- ▶ Don't include the noun after a possessive pronoun: This T-shirt is **mine**.
- ▶ **Whose** can be used with singular and plural nouns: **Whose** bag is this? **Whose** keys are these?

Complete the conversations. Use the words in the boxes. There are two extra words in each box.

✓ his    ✓ mine    my    your    ✓ yours    ✓ whose

- A: Whose jacket is this? Is it yours, Phil?

B: No, it's not mine. Ask Nick. I think it's his.

her    our    ✓ ours    your    yours

- A: These aren't your books. Are they ours?

B: No, they're not our. Maybe they're Young-min's.

her    ✓ hers    their    theirs    ✓ whose

- A: Whose sweaters are these? Are they Julie's?

B: No, they're not their sweaters. But these shorts are hers.

## CONVERSATION *It's really cold!*

Listen and practice.

Pat: Oh, no!  
 Julie: What's the matter?  
 Pat: It's snowing! And it's windy, so it's really cold.  
 Julie: Are you wearing your gloves?  
 Pat: No, I'm not. They're at home.  
 Julie: What about your scarf?  
 Pat: It's at home, too.  
 Julie: Well, you're wearing your coat.  
 Pat: But my coat isn't very warm. And I'm not wearing boots!  
 Julie: Let's take a taxi.  
 Pat: Good idea!



## GRAMMAR FOCUS

### Present continuous statements; conjunctions

I'm	I'm not	OR:	
You're	You're not	You aren't	
She's wearing shoes.	She's not	She isn't wearing boots.	
We're	We're not	We aren't	
They're	They're not	They aren't	
It's snowing.	It's not	It isn't raining.	

### Conjunctions

It's snowing, **and** it's windy.  
 It's sunny, **but** it's cold.  
 It's windy, **so** it's very cold.

### 2 Present continuous statements; conjunctions

- ▶ The present continuous is the present of *be + verb + -ing*: **It's raining.**  
**She's wearing shoes.**
- ▶ The two negative contractions mean the same: **He's not/He isn't** wearing a coat. **We're not/We aren't** wearing gloves.

Change the affirmative sentences to negative sentences. Change the negative sentences to affirmative sentences.

- Mr. and Mrs. Lee are wearing hats. *Mr. and Mrs. Lee aren't wearing hats.*
- It isn't raining. *It is raining.*
- I'm wearing sunglasses. *I'm not wearing sunglasses.*
- You're wearing a new suit. *You're not wearing a new suit.*
- Michiko isn't wearing gloves. *Michiko is wearing gloves.*

A Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.



My name is Claire. I'm wearing a green suit today. I'm wearing high heels, too. It's raining, but I'm not wearing a raincoat.



It's very hot today. Toshi and Noriko are wearing shorts and T-shirts. It's really sunny, so they're wearing sunglasses.



Phil is wearing a suit today - he's wearing pants and a jacket. He's wearing a light blue shirt, but he isn't wearing a tie.



It's cold today, but Kathy isn't wearing a coat. She's wearing gloves and a hat. She isn't wearing boots. She's wearing sneakers.

## Present continuous yes/no questions

- Are you **wearing** gloves? Yes, I **am**. No, I'm **not**.  
 Is she **wearing** boots? Yes, she **is**. No, she's **not**./No, she **isn't**.  
 Are they **wearing** sunglasses? Yes, they **are**. No, they're **not**./No, they **aren't**.

### B PAIR WORK

Ask and answer these questions about the people in part A.

1. Is Claire wearing a green suit? *Yes, she is*  
 2. Is she wearing a raincoat? *NO, she's not*  
 3. Is she wearing high heels? *Yes, she is*  
 4. Are Toshi and Noriko wearing swimsuits? *NO, they're not*  
 5. Are they wearing jackets? *NO, they're not*  
 6. Are they wearing sunglasses? *Yes, they are*  
 7. Is Phil wearing brown pants? *Yes, he's is*  
 8. Is he wearing a blue shirt? *Yes, he's is*  
 9. Is he wearing a tie? *NO, he's not*  
 10. Is Kathy wearing boots? *NO, she's not*  
 11. Is she wearing a coat? *NO, she's not*  
 12. Is she wearing a hat and gloves? *Yes, she is*

NO, they're not

- A: Is Claire wearing a green suit?  
 B: Yes, she is. Is she wearing a raincoat?  
 A: No, she's not. OR No, she isn't.

### C

Write four more questions about the people in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.

### adjective + noun

My suit is black.  
 I'm wearing a **black suit**.

### 3 Present continuous yes/no questions; adjective + noun

- In questions, the present continuous is *be* + subject + verb + *-ing*: **Is it raining?**  
**Are you wearing** brown shoes?
- Adjectives can come before nouns or after the verb *be*: He's wearing a **blue hat**.  
 His hat **is blue**.
- Adjectives don't have a plural form: a **green hat**; two **green hats**

Write questions using the words in parentheses. Then complete the responses.

1. A: *Is he wearing a gray suit?* (wear, gray suit)  
 B: No, he *isn't*  
 2. A: *are we wearing brown boots?* (wear, brown boots)  
 B: No, we *aren't*  
 3. A: *am I wearing a sunglasses?* (wear, sunglasses)  
 B: Yes, I *am not*  
 4. A: *is it raining?* (rain)  
 B: Yes, it *is raining*