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“Demonstratives One and Ones”

DEMONSTRATIVES ONE AND ONES

Questions for quantities, How much? and How many?

Are words to ask about countable and uncountable quantities, which are related to countable nouns

Those that cannot be counted require a modifier to manifest quantity

The uncountable nouns in Spanish have to do with elements like sugar or money, since you can't say three sugars or two money

In English the uncountable don't know can be used with a/an article. It is wrong to say money. Rather, they use the verb in the singular.

They are also characterized by the fact uncountables carry quantifiers like much and little and countable uses many and few

The grammatical form for questions for quantities is: **How + much / many + uncountable / countable nouns?**

Demonstrative adjectives, affirmative, negative and question forms

Regularly adjectives demonstratives are found in the singular and plural: this pen-these pens; that notebook-those notebooks.

This type of adjective is consistent with what is possessed: this pencil-these pencils

You can use the expression that... over there when you want to accentuate the idea manifested.

The adjectives demonstratives are: **singular:** this, that, this man, that girl. **Plural:** these, those, these boys, those students

Each of these demonstrative adjectives can have the following grammatical form. **Affirmative form: this+ is+ a gray shirt. This+ is+ a red coat. Negative form: this+ is+ not a gray shirt. This+ is+ not a red coat. Question form: is+ this+ a gray shirt?**

Demonstrative adjectives, affirmative, negative and question forms

That, is used for nouns in singular, which are far away: **affirmative form: that+ is+ a red cap. Negative form: that+ is+ not a red cap. Question form: is+ that+ a red cap?**

These (as) is used for plural nouns, that are nearby: **affirmative form: these+ are+ green pants. Negative form: these+ are+ not green pants. Question form: are+ these+ green pants?**

Those is used for plural nouns that are far away: **affirmative form: those+ are+ cotton sweaters. Negative form: those+ are+ not cotton sweaters. Question form: are+ those+ cotton sweaters**

ONE and ONES as a demonstrative pronoun

One and ones are pronouns because they go instead of the noun either in singular and plural, this noun

As such they do not have any meaning in Spanish, as long as they are used as pronouns. Examples: these ones are mine. These are mine

When we use it in question we use which one? Not only which, since we have previously identified the object to which we refer

If it were not so, it would be necessary to mention the object. Which book? Which car? Which house do you mean? - ¿Cuál libro? ¿Cuál carro?

The demonstrative pronoun this, never goes alone, but goes together with the object. The same happens with the other demonstrative pronouns like that, these I'm coughing

Clothing, colors, materials and expressions for shopping

Woman's clothing items: Blouse, Skirt, Boots, Dress, Blazer. Man's clothing items: Shirt, Tie, Suit, Jacket, Vest

There are garments that are worn by both men and women: tuxedo, underwear, pajamas, Belt, Sweater, Coat, Hat, Gloves, Necklace, earrings, Eyeglasses

In relation to this we can include more information: **Size:** small, medium, large, extra large. **Type:** formal, casual, fashionable, dressy, sport.

List of colors: red, orange, yellow, Green, blue, purple, violet, black, silver, pink, gray, White, gold, brown

In jewelry we have for example the following types of metals: gold, gold carat, gold colors, titanium, platinum. The following materials are used in the manufacture of fabrics: cotton, wool, silk, leather. Synthetic materials: Nylon Polyester