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"Ciencia y Conocimiento"

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Frontera Comalapa, Chiapas.

Present continuous

Are you living at home now?

Is your sister working for the government?

Are Ed and Jill taking classes this year?

Where are you working now? What is your brother doing?

What are your friends doing these days?

Yes, I am. No, I'm not.

Yes, she is. No, she's not./No, she isn't.
Yes, they are. No, they're not./No, they aren't.

I'm not working. I need a job. He's traveling in the Amazon. They're studying for their exams.

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1 Present continuous

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening now: What are you doing (these days)? I'm studying English.
- The present continuous is present of be + -ing. For verbs ending in e, drop the e and add -ing: have → having, live → living.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add −ing: sit → sitting.

Write questions with the words in parentheses and the present continuous. Then complete the responses with short answers or the verbs in the box.

	ive	study take	🗸 teach	wor	k)	
1. A: (what / your sister / do / these days) .What's your sister do B: .She's teaching English, A: Really? (she / live / abroad)						days3
			She Study	ii	n South Korea	
2.		(how / you / spend / your summer)		How your summer you spend?		
	A:	(what / you / take) My friend and I Me take	What take you?		two classes also. y and Japanese. We like o	our classes



A Complete these phone conversations using the present continuous.



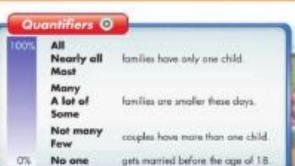
A: Hi, Stephanie, What you doing .. (do)? B: Hey, Mark. I (stand) in an sdandying elevator, and it's stuck! A: Oh, no! Are you OK? B: Yeah. I - wait! It (move) now. Thank goodness!



A: Marci, how you and Justin (enjoy) your shopping trip? enjoing .. (have) a lot of fun. B: We your brother and (spend) a lot of money? spending B: No, Mom. He (buy) only one or two things. That's all!

B PAIR WORK Practice the phone conversations with a partner.

🔟 GRAMMAR FOCUS 🏽





1. In the U.S., 75% of high school students go to college.

In the u.s nearly al lof hingh school students go to college

Seven percent of the people in Brazil are age 65 or older.

Some of the people in te brazil are age 66 or older

in India, 0% of the people vote before the age of 18.

In india no one the people vote before the age of 18

4. Forty percent of the people in Sweden live alone.

Not manyo f the people in the sweden live alone

5. In Singapore, 23% of the people speak English at home.

In singapore few of the people speak english at home

2 Quantifiers

- Use a lot of, all, few, nearly all before plural nouns: A lot of/All/Few/Nearly all families are small. Use no one before a verb: No one gets married before the age of 18.
- Nearly all means "almost all."

Read the sentences about the small town of Monroe. Rewrite the sentences using the quantifiers in the box. Use each quantifier only once.



- In Monroe, 0% of the people drive before the age of 16.
 In Monroe, no one drives before the age of 16.
- Ninety-eight percent of students finish high school.

 Nearly all students finish high school
- One hundred percent of children start school by the age of soc.

 All of children start school by the age of six
- Eighty-nine percent of couples have more than one child.

 A loto f couples have more tan one child.
- Twenty-three percent of families have more than four children.

Few of families have more tan four children



Read the interviews. Check () the correct names.

Who?	William	Daniel	Roberto	
1. has more than two children				
2. has an only child				
3. had a stressful career				
4. thinks it's hard to stay at home				
5. has a wife with a great job				

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