

# UNIVERSIDAD DEL SURESTE

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**LIC. EN ADMINISTRACION DE EMPRESAS**

**3ER CUATRIMESTRE**

**DOCENTE**

**JORGE ENRIQUE ALBORES AGUILAR**

**MATERIA**

**ESTADÍSTICA DESCRIPTIVA**

**TRABAJO**

**EJERCICIO**

**ALUMNO**

**YENI FERNANDA VÁZQUEZ DÍAZ**

**COMITÁN DE DOMÍNGUEZ, CHIAPAS.**

**SABADO 13 DE JUNIO**

**2020**

INTERVALOS	f	F
10 - 15	8	8
15 - 20	12	20
20 - 25	3	23
25 - 30	6	29
30 - 35	4	33
35 - 40	10	43
40 - 45	9	52
45 - 50	8	60
50 - 55	7	67

$$= 67$$

### PRIMER CUARTIL

$$Q_k = L_i + A \left( \frac{\frac{kn}{4} - F_{i-1}}{F_i - F_{i-1}} \right)$$

Posición  $\frac{kn}{4} = \frac{1 \times 67}{4} = 16.75$

$$F_{i-1} = 8$$

$$L_i = 15$$

$$F_i = 20$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$Q_1 = 15 + 5 \left( \frac{16.75 - 8}{20 - 8} \right)$$

$$Q_1 = 15 + 5 \left( \frac{8.75}{12} \right)$$

$$Q_1 = 15 + 3.64$$

$$Q_1 = \boxed{18.64}$$

## Segundo Cuartil

$$Q_k = L_i + A \left( \frac{\frac{kn}{4} - F_{i-1}}{F_i - F_{i-1}} \right)$$

Posición:  $\frac{kn}{4} = \frac{2 \times 67}{4} = 33.5$

$$F_{i-1} = 33$$

$$L_i = 35$$

$$F_i = 43$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$Q_2 = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{33.5 - 33}{43 - 33} \right)$$

$$Q_2 = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{0.5}{10} \right)$$

$$Q_2 = 35 + 0.25$$

$$Q_2 = 35.25$$

## Tercer Cuartil

$$Q_k = \left( \frac{\frac{kn}{4} - F_{i-1}}{F_i - F_{i-1}} \right)$$

Posición:  $\frac{kn}{4} = \frac{3 \times 67}{4} = 50.25$

$$F_{i-1} = 43 \quad L_i = 40$$

$$F_i = 52 \quad A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$Q_3 = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{50.25 - 43}{52 - 43} \right)$$

$$Q_3 = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{7.25}{9} \right)$$

$$Q_3 = 40 + 4.02$$

$$Q_3 = 44.02$$

## Segundo Deciles

$$D_k = L_i + A \left( \frac{\frac{kn}{10} - f_{i-1}}{f_i - f_{i-1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{kn}{10} = \frac{2 \times 67}{10} = 13.4$$

$$f_{i-1} = 8 \quad L_i = 15$$

$$f_i = 20 \quad A = L_5 - L_i = 5$$

$$D_2 = 15 + 5 \left( \frac{13.4 - 8}{20 - 8} \right)$$

$$D_2 = 15 + 5 \left( \frac{5.4}{12} \right)$$

$$D_2 = 15 + 2.25$$

$$D_2 = 17.25$$

## Cuarto Deciles

$$\frac{kn}{10} = \frac{4 \times 67}{10} = 26.8$$

$$f_{i-1} = 23 \quad L_i = 25$$

$$f_i = 29 \quad A = L_5 - L_i = 5$$

$$D_4 = 25 + 5 \left( \frac{26.8 - 23}{29 - 23} \right)$$

$$D_4 = 25 + 5 \left( \frac{3.8}{6} \right)$$

$$D_4 = 25 + 3.16$$

$$D_4 = 28.16$$

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## Sexto Deciles

$$\frac{kn}{10} = \frac{6 \times 67}{10} = 40.2$$

$$F_{i-1} = 33$$

$$L_i = 35$$

$$F_i = 43$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$D_6 = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{40.2 - 33}{43 - 33} \right)$$

$$D_6 = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{7.2}{10} \right)$$

$$D_6 = 35 + 3.6$$

$$D_6 = 38.6$$

## Octavo Deciles

$$\frac{kn}{10} = \frac{8 \times 67}{10} = 53.6$$

$$F_{i-1} = 52$$

$$L_i = 45$$

$$F_i = 60$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$D_8 = 45 + 5 \left( \frac{53.6 - 52}{60 - 52} \right)$$

$$D_8 = 45 + 5 \left( \frac{1.6}{8} \right)$$

$$D_8 = 45 + 1$$

$$D_8 = 46$$

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## Noveno Deciles

$$\frac{Kn}{10} = \frac{9 \times 67}{10} = 60.3$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{i-1} &= 60 & L_i &= 50 \\ F_i &= 67 & A &= L_s - L_i = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$D_9 = 50 + 5 \left( \frac{60.3 - 60}{67 - 60} \right)$$

$$D_9 = 50 + 5 \left( \frac{0.3}{7} \right)$$

$$D_9 = 50 + 0.21$$

$$D_9 = 50.21$$

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Percentil 9

$$P_k = L_i + A \left( \frac{\frac{kn}{100} - F_{i-1}}{F_i - F_{i-1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{kn}{100} = \frac{9 \times 67}{100} = 6.03$$

$$F_{i-1} = 0 \quad L_i = 10$$

$$F_i = 8 \quad A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$P_9 = 10 + 5 \left( \frac{6.03 - 0}{8 - 0} \right)$$

$$P_9 = 10 + 5 \left( \frac{6.03}{8} \right)$$

$$P_9 = 10 + 3.76$$

$$P_9 = 13.76$$

Percentil 55

$$\frac{kn}{100} = \frac{55 \times 67}{100} = 36.85$$

$$F_{i-1} = 33 \quad L_i = 35$$

$$F_i = 43 \quad A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$P_{55} = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{36.85 - 33}{43 - 33} \right)$$

$$P_{55} = 35 + 5 \left( \frac{3.85}{10} \right)$$

$$P_{55} = 35 + 1.92$$

$$P_{55} = 36.92$$

## Percentil 69

$$\frac{Kn}{100} = \frac{69 \times 67}{100} = 46.23$$

$$F_{i-1} = 43$$

$$L_i = 40$$

$$F_i = 52$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$P_{69} = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{46.23 - 43}{52 - 43} \right)$$

$$P_{69} = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{3.23}{9} \right)$$

$$P_{69} = 40 + 1.79$$

$$P_{69} = 41.79$$

## Percentil 72

$$\frac{Kn}{100} = \frac{72 \times 67}{100} = 48.24$$

$$F_{i-1} = 43$$

$$L_i = 40$$

$$F_i = 52$$

$$A = L_s - L_i = 5$$

$$P_{72} = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{48.24 - 43}{52 - 43} \right)$$

$$P_{72} = 40 + 5 \left( \frac{5.24}{9} \right)$$

$$P_{72} = 40 + 2.91$$

$$P_{72} = 42.91$$