Nombre del alumno: VICTOR GUILLERMO TOVAR RAFAEL.

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Nombre del maestro: JUAN JOSE OJEDA.

VICTOR GUILLERMO TOVAR RAFAEL.

$\int \frac{\text{Sen } 2x}{1+\text{Sen}^2 x}\, dx$ $\int \frac{1}{x}\, dx$ $\ln(1x1)$

$\ln(11+\text{Sen}(x)21)$

$\ln(1+\text{Sen}(x)2)$

$\int \frac{2x^3+x^2-x}{x^2}\, dx$ $\int 2x^2+x-1\, dx$

$\int 2x+1-\frac{1}{x}\, dx$

$x^2+x-\ln(1x1)+C.$

$\int \frac{2x}{3x}\, dx$ $\frac{2x}{3x} \times dx$ $\frac{2x \times dx}{3x}+C$

$\int x\ell\, r2\, dx$ $\int xe(x^2)\, dx$

$\int \frac{1}{2}\, dt + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e(x^2) \frac{e(x2)}{2}$

$\frac{e(x^2)}{2}+C.$

$\int e\, \text{Sen}^2 x\ \text{Sen}\, 2x\, dx$ $\int e(\text{Sen}(x)^2) * \text{Sen}(8x)$

$\int 1\, dx$ $e(\text{sen}(x)^2)$ $c(\sin(x)^2)+C$