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Introducción.

In this work you will see everything about a normal day with a different climate change, to know how it happened, how it happened, as well as learn the characteristics of the weather, that is what this work is for.

Today the weather was very different from other sunny days, today's weather is cloudy and with really heavy rain, this weather could not be seen coming since the whole week was sunny.

This type of climate affects everyone since the heavy rains caused it to flood all the houses of the daisies and thus also affected all the schools.

This sudden climate change is due to the environmental pollution that humans produce in nature causing effects on the ozone layer which makes climate changes so difficult to predict and that they have a sudden change in climate.

The climate that occurs in Chiapas daisies is different from the usual ones, you never know when it will rain, when it will be very hot or when it will be cloudy. Each time the climate is affected by pollution which, as we have said, causes the climate to change from one day to the next, which could damage us, just as now that it has been inundated by the heavy rain that has occurred today.

Each climate has its characteristics, one of its characteristics of the lime is its temperature.

It is the variation of heat that occurs in the atmosphere of a place. To measure this temperature the thermometer is used and it is measured in degrees Celsius, degrees Kelvin or degrees. The temperature is determined by solar radiation, which in turn is determined by 2 factors: Planetary factors. The planet's rotation determines the changes between day and night and generates temperature variations. On the other hand it is also subject to the change of translation of the earth with respect to the sun that will determine the different seasons of the year. Geographical factors. It depends on the specific conditions of the place. These can be: altitude, latitude, distance in relation to sea level, etc. These concepts will be developed later.

the next is the atmospheric pressure.

It is the weight of the air on the Earth's surface. The pressure will be determined by altitude and temperature. To measure it, the barometer is used and it is measured

in millibars. From atmospheric pressure arise climatic phenomena known as cyclone and anticyclone, and so on.