

Lucy Zepeda Masduki 2^a A

a) $\int x^2 \cdot dx$

$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}, n \neq -1$

$\frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} = \frac{x^3}{3} = \frac{x^3}{3} + C$

b) $\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = \int x^{-2} dx = -\frac{1}{(-2) \cdot x^{-1}}, n \neq -1$
 $= \frac{1}{(-2)x^{-1}} = \frac{1}{-2x^{-1}} = -\frac{1}{2x} = -\frac{1}{2x} + C$

c) $\int 2x^{2/3} dx = 2 \int x^{2/3} dx = 2 \cdot \frac{x^{2/3+1}}{2/3+1} = 2 \cdot \frac{x^{5/3}}{5/3} = 2 \cdot \frac{3}{5} x^{5/3} = \frac{6}{5} x^{5/3} + C$

d) $\int \frac{4x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 3}{x} dx = \int \frac{4x^3}{x} + \frac{2x^2}{x} - \frac{x}{x} + \frac{3}{x} dx$
 $= \int \frac{4x^3}{x} + \int \frac{2x^2}{x} - \int \frac{x}{x} + \int \frac{3}{x} dx = \int 4x^2 + \int 2x - \int 1 + \int \frac{3}{x} dx = \frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^2}{2} - x + 3 \ln|x| + C$

e) $\int \sqrt{x^2 + 9} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2 + 3^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 9} + \frac{9}{2} \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 + 9}| + C$

f) $\int \sqrt{x} (x + \sqrt{x}) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 1}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$
 $= \int \frac{x^{2+1/2}}{x^{1/2}} dx = \int x^{3/2} + \frac{1}{x^{1/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5/2} + 2\sqrt{x} + C = \frac{4}{5} x^{5/2} + 2\sqrt{x} + C$

g) $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{1}{x} dx = \int x + \frac{1}{x} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + \ln|x| + C$

h) $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 8}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 2^3}}{x} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + \ln|x| + C$

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$$b) \int \frac{3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n} dx = \frac{1}{(n-1) \cdot x^{n-1}} \quad n \neq 1 = 3 \left(-\frac{1}{4x^4} \right)$$

$$+ 3 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{4x^4} \right) \Rightarrow -\frac{3}{4x^4} = \left(-\frac{3}{4x^4} + C \right)$$

$$I) \int \frac{y^4 + 2y^2 - y + 5}{\sqrt{y}} dx = \frac{y^4 + 2y^2 + 4}{\sqrt{y}} dx$$

$$\frac{dx}{\sqrt{y}} (y^4 + 2y^2 + 4) = \frac{dx \cdot y^4 + 2dx \cdot y^2 + 4dx}{\sqrt{y}}$$

$$J) \int \frac{4x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 3}{x^2} dx \quad \hookrightarrow \int (4x^4 + 2x^2 - x + 3) dx = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{4x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 3} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\int 4x^3 dx + \int 2x^2 dx - \int x dx + \int 3 dx \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(x^4 + \frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^4 + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{3}{2} x$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} x^4 + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{3}{2} x + C \right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \int \frac{4x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 3}{x^2} dx = 2x + 2x - \ln|x| + \frac{3}{2}x + C$$