



ANTOLOGIA



INGLÉS III

LICENCIATURA EN ENFERMERÍA TERCER CUATRIMESTRE



Marco Estratégico de Referencia

ANTECEDENTES HISTORICOS

Nuestra Universidad tiene sus antecedentes de formación en el año de 1979 con el inicio de actividades de la normal de educadoras "Edgar Robledo Santiago", que en su momento marcó un nuevo rumbo para la educación de Comitán y del estado de Chiapas. Nuestra escuela fue fundada por el Profesor de Primaria Manuel Albores Salazar con la idea de traer Educación a Comitán, ya que esto representaba una forma de apoyar a muchas familias de la región para que siguieran estudiando.

En el año 1984 inicia actividades el CBTiS Moctezuma Ilhuicamina, que fue el primer bachillerato tecnológico particular del estado de Chiapas, manteniendo con esto la visión en grande de traer Educación a nuestro municipio, esta institución fue creada para que la gente que trabajaba por la mañana tuviera la opción de estudiar por las tarde.

La Maestra Martha Ruth Alcázar Mellanes es la madre de los tres integrantes de la familia Albores Alcázar que se fueron integrando poco a poco a la escuela formada por su padre, el Profesor Manuel Albores Salazar; Víctor Manuel Albores Alcázar en septiembre de 1996 como chofer de transporte escolar, Karla Fabiola Albores Alcázar se integró como Profesora en 1998, Martha Patricia Albores Alcázar en el departamento de finanzas en 1999.

En el año 2002, Víctor Manuel Albores Alcázar formó el Grupo Educativo Albores Alcázar S.C. para darle un nuevo rumbo y sentido empresarial al negocio familiar y en el año 2004 funda la Universidad Del Sureste.

La formación de nuestra Universidad se da principalmente porque en Comitán y en toda la región no existía una verdadera oferta Educativa, por lo que se veía urgente la creación de una institución de Educación superior, pero que estuviera a la altura de las exigencias de los jóvenes que tenían intención de seguir estudiando o de los profesionistas para seguir preparándose a través de estudios de posgrado.

Nuestra Universidad inició sus actividades el 18 de agosto del 2004 en las instalaciones de la 4ª avenida oriente sur no. 24, con la licenciatura en Puericultura, contando con dos grupos de cuarenta



alumnos cada uno. En el año 2005 nos trasladamos a nuestras propias instalaciones en la carretera Comitán – Tzimol km. 57 donde actualmente se encuentra el campus Comitán y el Corporativo UDS, este último, es el encargado de estandarizar y controlar todos los procesos operativos y Educativos de los diferentes Campus, Sedes y Centros de Enlace Educativo, así como de crear los diferentes planes estratégicos de expansión de la marca a nivel nacional e internacional.

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MISIÓN

Satisfacer la necesidad de Educación que promueva el espíritu emprendedor, aplicando altos estándares de calidad Académica, que propicien el desarrollo de nuestros alumnos, Profesores, colaboradores y la sociedad, a través de la incorporación de tecnologías en el proceso de enseñanza-aprendizaje.

VISIÓN

Ser la mejor oferta académica en cada región de influencia, y a través de nuestra Plataforma Virtual tener una cobertura Global, con un crecimiento sostenible y las ofertas académicas innovadoras con pertinencia para la sociedad.

VALORES

- Disciplina
- Honestidad
- Equidad
- Libertad

ESCUDO





El escudo de la UDS, está constituido por tres líneas curvas que nacen de izquierda a derecha formando los escalones al éxito. En la parte superior está situado un cuadro motivo de la abstracción de la forma de un libro abierto.

ESLOGAN

"Mi Universidad"

ALBORES



Es nuestra mascota, un Jaguar. Su piel es negra y se distingue por ser líder, trabaja en equipo y obtiene lo que desea. El ímpetu, extremo valor y fortaleza son los rasgos que distinguen.



Inglés III

Objetivo de la materia:

Each lesson needs to be interactive and dynamic. The teacher is invited to follow the topics listed below, which are taken from UDS ENGLISH HANDBOOK- level 3 but to implement group work, new exercises, games, role-plays and a number of different classroom dynamics. Each subtopic needs to be worked with students. Please, considerthe PPP teaching method (Present, Practice, Produce) as a good example to implement in the classroom.



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What are you going to do?

GRAMMAR FOCUS

The future with be going to

Are you going to do anything this weekend?

Is Rosa going to cook dinner for you?

Are your friends going to be there?

Yes, I am. I'm going to celebrate my birthday.

No, I'm not. I'm going to stay home.

Yes, she is. She's going to cook a special dinner.

No, she's not. She's going to order takeout.

Yes, they are. They're going to stop by after dinner.

No, they're not. They're going to be away all weekend.

GRAMMAR PLUS see noon 142

A What are these people going to do this weekend? Write sentences. Then compare with a partner.



- He's going to go biking.
- B PAIR WORK Is your partner going to do the things in part A this weekend? Ask and answer questions.

"Are you going to go biking this weekend?"

PRONUNCIATION Reduction of going to

A Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of going to to /gənə/.

A: Are you going to go to the game?

A: Are you going to go to a restaurant?

B: No. I'm going to study for a test.

B: Yes. We're going to go to Nick's Café.

B PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her evening plans.
Try to reduce going to.





S LISTENING Holiday plans

- A What are these people's plans for a Monday holiday? Write your guesses in the chart.
- S Listen to the interview. What are the people really going to do on Monday? Complete the chart.



	Your guess	What they're really going to do
Morgan	Morgan is going to go to the gym.	
Isaac		
Brian		
Lauren		

[INTERCHANGE 11 Take a guess

Make guesses about your classmates' plans. Go to Interchange 11 on page 125.

SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



Do you celebrate any of these holidays? Do any of your friends celebrate them? What are some holidays in your country? What's your favorite holiday?



interchange 11 GUESSING GAME 🔊

A PAIR WORK Is your partner going to do any of these things? Check (✔) your guesses.

Is your partner going to ?	My	My partner's es answers
1. have a snack after class	Yes N	Io Yes No
2. watch TV tonight		
3. go to bed late tomorrow night		
4. go out with friends tomorrow night		
5. go dancing this weekend		
6. eat at a restaurant this weekend		
7. go to the gym next week		
8. buy something expensive this month		
9. go on a trip next month		
10. get a job next summer		

B PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions to check your guesses.

A: Are you going to watch TV tonight?

B: Yes, I am. I'm going to watch my favorite show.

CLASS ACTIVITY How many of your guesses are correct? Who has the most correct guesses?



CONVERSATION We're going to go dancing.

Listen and practice.





GRAMMAR FOCUS

Wh-questions with be going to

What are you going to do for Valentine's Day? I'm going to go to a dance club.

I'm not going to go to a restaurant.

How is Allie going to get to the dance club? She's going to drive.

She's not going to take the bus.

Where are Jim and his girlfriend going to eat? They're going to eat at the Red Rose.

They're not going to eat at Nick's Café.

A Complete these conversations with the correct form of be going to. Then practice with a partner.

1.	A: Where	are	you	going to spend	(spend) Thanksgiving?
	B: My parent	ts and I _	- 93	(visit) m	ny grandparents.
2.	A: Who		you		(invite) to your Independence

Day picnic?

B: 1 (ask) my family and some good friends.

3. A: What (do) for New Year's Day? you_

B: I don't know. I (not do) anything special.

4. A: How your children (celebrate) Halloween?

B: They (go) to their school's party.

5. A: What (do) for Valentine's Day? your sister

(take) her out to dinner. B: Her boyfriend

B GROUP WORK Ask your classmates about their plans. Use the names of holidays and the time expressions in the box.

A: What are you going to do tonight?

B: I'm going to go to a party.

C: Oh, really? Who's going to be there?

B: Well, Chris and Sam are going to come. . . .

time expressions

tonight next week tomorrow next month tomorrow afternoon next summer tomorrow night next year



1 The future with be going to (page 2)

- Use am/is/are + going to + base form for the future: We're going to stay home tonight.
- In questions with be going to, the be verb comes before the noun or pronoun: Is he going to bake me a cake?

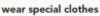
On)	A Complete Robert's story. Use the correct form of be going to and the verbs in parentheses.
	Tomorrow
On)	
011	B Write questions. Then look at part A and answer the questions.
	Robert / celebrate / with his family?
	Q: Is Robert going to celebrate with his family?
	A: No he's going to celebrate with his friends. 2. Scott and Robert / take the bus / to the beach?
	Q:
	A:
	3. the friends / have lunch / at a restaurant?
	Q:
	A:
	4. Sara and Robert / go to a museum?
	Q:
	A:
	5. Sara and Robert / have dinner / at a restaurant?
	Q:
	2 Wh-questions with be going to (page 4)
9	
	■ Use is in questions with Who as the subject: Who's going to be there? (NOT: Who are going to be there?)
	Complete the conversation with the correct form of be going to.
	A: What
	B: I (have) a very busy weekend. My friend Ali (visit) me, and we (spend) the weekend in the city.
	A: That's nice you (stay) in a hotel?
	B: No, we (stay) with our friend Donna. And Donna (have) a big party on Saturday night.
	A: Really? And who (be) at the party? Do you know any of Donna's friends?
	B: No, I don't. But Ali and I (meet) everyone on Saturday night.



10 WORD POWER Let's celebrate!

A Listen and practice.







eat special food



decorate



give gifts



play music



go to a parade



go on a picnic



watch firework

- B PAIR WORK Are you going to celebrate a special day this year? Are you (or is someone you know) going to do any of the things in part A?
 - A: I'm going to go to a wedding next month. I'm going to wear special clothes.
 - B: Is it a family member's wedding?

11 SPEAKING Holidays and festivals

A PAIR WORK Choose any holiday or festival. Then ask and answer these questions.

What is the holiday or festival?

When is it?

What are you going to do?

Where are you going to go?

Who's going to be there?

When are you going to go?

How are you going to get there?

A: What is the holiday or festival?

B: It's my city's Cherry Blossom Festival.

A: When is it?

B: It's on March twenty-third.

A: What are you going to do?

B: I'm going to go to the park. . . .

B CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's plans.









A Scan the blog post. Who sends a letter when people are 100 years old?



Jim Dixon, Montego Bay, Jamaica

I love birthdays! They're a lot of fun. Here in Jamaica, we have an old custom. We like to surprise people on their birthday. Guess what we do? We throw flour at our friends! It's my best friend's birthday tomorrow. I'm going to go to the store soon. I'm going to buy a lot of flour to throw at him.

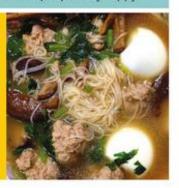


100

Victoria Smith, London, UK

My grandmother is going to be 100 years old in June. She's very excited because she's going to get a special letter from the Queen. The Queen sends a letter to every person who reaches 100. It's a tradition that makes people very happy.

Jiang Li, Beijing, China In my country, we celebrate birthdays with a special type of food. Noodles are a sign of a long life for us. This year, I'm going to make some "long life noodles" for all my friends. We're going to eat them together and have a great evening!



- B Read the questions. Write short answers.
 - 1. Which two countries celebrate birthdays with food?
 - 2. Why is Jim going to the store?
 - 3. What three things do you need to make fairy bread?
 - 4. What do noodles mean in China?

C GROUP WORK How do people usually celebrate birthdays in your country? Do you have plans for your next birthday? How about the birthday of a friend or a family member? What are you going to do? Tell your classmates.



WORKBOOK

Months and dates

A Put the months in the box in time order.

April August December February	January July June March	May November October September	
1. January	_	5	9
2		6	10
3		7	11
1	_	8	12

B When are the seasons in your country? Write the months for each season.



C

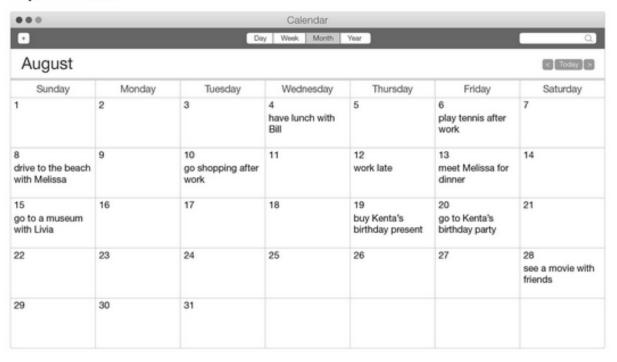
Write each date a different way.		
1. January 11th January eleventh	5. July 24th	
2. March 15th	6. May 10th	
3. November 1st	7. February 2nd	
4. August 16th	8. December 27th	



2 It's January first. How old are these people going to be on their next birthdays? Write sentences.

	Lucas	Liz	Ruth and Sharon	You
Age now	16	32	68	
Birthday	April 12th	October 6th	September 21st	
Lucas is	going to be seve	enteen on April twelfi	th.	
		,		
2				
2 3				

Read Tom's calendar. Write sentences about his plans. Use the words in parentheses.



 On August fourth, he's going to have lunch with Bill. 	(August 4th)
2.	(August 6th)
3	(August 8th)
4	(August 10th)
5	(August 12th)
6	(August 13th)
7	(August 15th)
8	(August 19th)
9	(August 20th)
10	(August 28th)



4 Complete these sentences. Use the correct form of *be going to* and the verbs in parentheses.

1.	This is going to be	_ (be) a very busy week	end.
2.	On Friday, my friend Joe and I		(see)
	a movie. After the movie, we		_(eat)
	dinner at our favorite Mexican	restaurant.	
		On Saturday morning	, my parents(visit).
			(drive) into the city, and we
			(go) to the art museum. I think
-	A CONTROL		(love) it, but my father
			(not like) it.
	The second second		(watch) a baseball game on TV.
i			(go) home after dinner.
M. C.			
4.	On Sunday, I	(get up)	
	early. Then I	-20.500000000000000000000000000000000000	do N
	a walk. On Sunday afternoon,		
	1(0	do) yoga.	
	In the evening, my friend Eve	and	
	l(s	study) together.	18 1



Complete these conversations. Write questions with be going to.

Eric:	What are you going to do this weekend?
Alex:	This weekend? I'm going to go to the city with my son.
Eric:	That's nice.
Alex:	We're going to stay at my sister's apartment. She lives there.
Eric:	Really?
	I think we're going to go to a museum.
Alex:	No, my sister isn't going to go with us. She's going to go bike riding.



2. Scott: I'm going to have a birthday party for Ben next Saturday. Can you come?

Emily: Sure.

Scott: It's going to be at my house. Do you have the address?

Emily: Yes, I do. And

Scott: It's going to start at seven o'clock.

Emily:

Scott: No, Bob isn't going to be there.

Emily: That's too bad.

Scott: No, I'm not going to bake a cake. I can't bake! I'm going to buy one.

Emily: OK. Sounds good. See you on Saturday.





Next weekend

A What are these people going to do next weekend? Write sentences.





Are you going to do anything special on these holidays or special occasions? Write sentences. Use the phrases in the box or your own information.

dance
eat special food
give gifts
go on a picnic
go out with friends

go to a parade go to a restaurant have a party play games play music

sing songs stay home stay out late watch fireworks wear special clothes



1. Your next birthday

I'm not going to have a party. I'm going to go to a restaurant with my friends, but we're not going to stay out late.



3. New Year's Eve



5. Valentine's Day



2. Your best friend's birthday



4. New Year's Day



6. The last day of class



What's the matter?

WORD POWER Parts of the body



B GROUP WORK Say a sentence with a body part. Take turns repeating the sentence and keep adding body parts. The group with the last student to say a correct sentence wins.

A: I have one head.

C: I have one head, two eyes, and one nose.

B: I have one head and two eyes.

D: I have one head, two eyes, one nose, and . . .



CONVERSATION Do you want some tea?

Listen and practice.



Oh, hi, Craig. Not so well, actually. I don't feel well. Nathan

Yeah, you don't look so good. What's wrong?

I don't know. I have a stomachache. Nathan

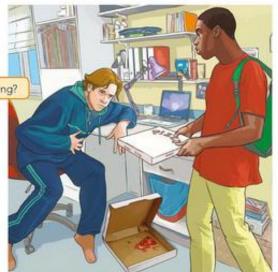
That's too bad. Do you have the flu?

Nathan No, I just feel really sick.

Well, can I get you anything? Do you want some tea?

No, but thanks anyway. Nathan

> Well, I'm going to have some pizza. Is that OK? Call me if you need me.



GRAMMAR FOCUS

What's the matter? How are you? What's wrong?

I have a stomachache.

I have a headache.

I have the flu.

How do you feel?

I feel sick.

I feel better.

I don't feel well.

Negative adjectives

horrible awful

terrible

miserable

Positive adjectives

fine great

terrific fantastic

GRAMMAR PLUS

A Listen and practice. "He has a backache."



a backache



an earache



a headache



a stomachache



a toothache





a cough





the flu



a sore throat

B CLASS ACTIVITY Imagine you don't feel well today. Go around the class. Find out what's wrong with your classmates.

A: How are you today, Paul?

A: I'm sorry to hear that.

B: I feel terrible. I have a backache.

B: How do you feel?

That's good.

I'm glad to hear that.

That's too bad.

I'm sorry to hear that.



LISTENING Are you OK?

A Where do these people hurt? Guess. Write down the parts of the body.





1. Amber







3. Alyssa

4. Nicholas

B Listen to the conversations. Check your guesses.

SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



What medications or home remedies do you use when you're sick? What remedies are good, in your opinion? What remedies aren't good?



CONVERSATION Try to relax. Listen and practice. Dr. Yun Hello, Ms. Lake. How are you today?

Ms. Lake Not so good.

Dr. Yun What's wrong, exactly?

Ms. Lake I'm exhausted!

Dr. Yun Hmm. Why are you so tired?

Ms. Lake I don't know. I just can't sleep at night.

Dr. Yun OK. Let's take a look at you.

A few minutes later . . .

I'm going to give you some pills. Take one pill every evening after dinner.

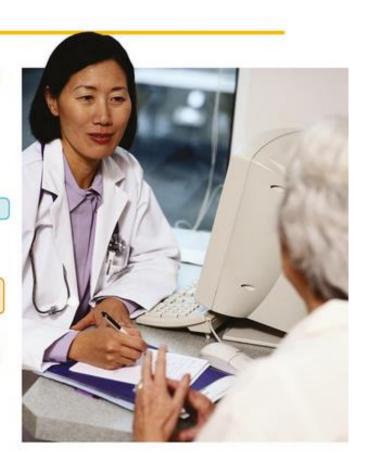
Ms. Lake OK.

Dr. Yun And don't drink coffee, tea, or soda.

Ms. Lake Anything else?

Dr. Yun Yes. Try to relax.

Ms. Lake All right. Thanks, Dr. Yun.



LISTENING | think | have a cold.

Listen to Dr. Yun talk to four other patients. What does she give them? Check (/) the correct medications.

	Cough syrup	Aspirin	Cold medicine	Eye drops	Nasal spray	Ice packs
1. Roberto						
2. Courtney						
3. Ryan						
4. Samantha						

PRONUNCIATION Sentence intonation

A Listen and practice. Notice the intonation in these sentences.

Take these pills.

Don't take cough syrup.

Drink some tea.

Don't drink coffee.

Try to relax.

Don't work too hard.

B PAIRWORK Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again. Pay attention to the sentence intonation.



GRAMMAR FOCUS

Imperatives

Get some rest.

Drink lots of juice.

Take one pill every evening.

Don't work too hard.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 143

Complete these sentences. Use the correct forms of the words in the box.

✓ call	stay	not go	not drink
see	take	√not worry	not eat

1	Call	a dentist.	5	in bed.
2.	Don't worry	too much.	6	a doctor.
3		a hot bath.	7	coffee.
4		to school.	8	any candy

SPEAKING Good advice?

A Write two pieces of advice for each problem.









1.

2.			

3.

4. _____

B GROUP WORK Act out the problems from part A. Your classmates give advice.

A: I don't feel well.

A: My feet hurt.

B: What's the matter?

B: I have an idea. Take a hot bath. And don't . . .

INTERCHANGE 12 Problems, problems

Give advice for common problems. Go to Interchange 12 on page 126.



Unit 12



1 Have + noun; feel + adjective (page 79) 🐀



For most health problems, use a/an: I have a cold. I have an earache. With flu, use the: I have the flu. (NOT: Have a flu.)

Complete the conversation. Use the sentences in the box.

I think I have a fever. Thanks. I feel awful, actually. Yes. I'm going to call my doctor in a few minutes. Yes, I do. And I have a stomachache, too. ✓ Hi, Chris. How are you?

A:	Hi, Chris, How are you?
	I'm terrific, thanks. How about you?
B:	Oh, no! What's the matter?
B:	That's too bad. Do you have a headache?
	Are you going to see a doctor?
	Well, feel better soon.



2 Imperatives (page 82) 🦱



- Use the base form of the verb in affirmative imperatives: Go home and rest, Pat.
- Use don't + base form of the verb in negative imperatives. The form doesn't change: Don't go to school today, Pat.

Read the situations. Give the people advice. Use the phrases in the box.

✓ drink coffee in the afternoon eat any cold food exercise today or tomorrow take an antacid take two aspirins work too hard

1.	Dan can't sleep at night. Don't drink coffee in the afternoon.
2.	Casey has a headache.
3.	Kristina works 12 hours a day
4.	Michael has sore muscles.
5.	Min-ho has a toothache.
	Laila has an awful stomachache.



interchange 12 HELPFUL ADVICE 🕤

A PAIR WORK Imagine you have these problems. Your partner gives advice.













A: I don't have any energy....

B: Eat a good breakfast every day. Don't ...

B CLASS ACTIVITY Think of a problem you have. Then tell the class. Your classmates give advice.

A: I don't understand this activity.

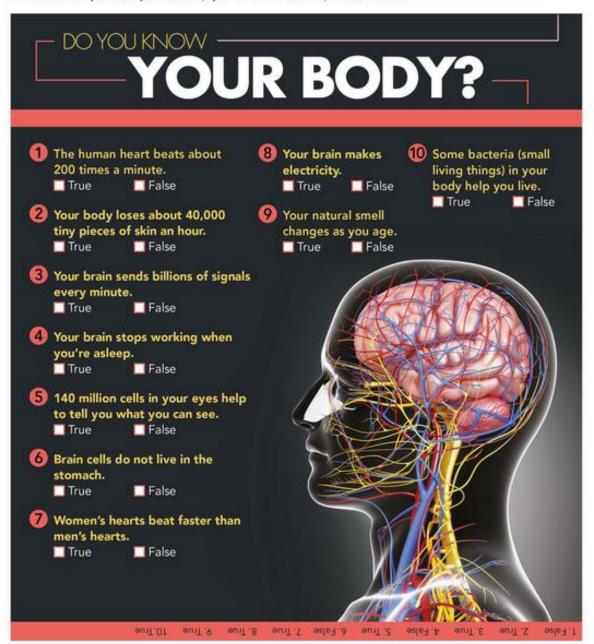
B: Read the instructions again.

C: Don't worry! Ask the teacher.





A What does your body do to keep you alive? Take the quiz to find out!



B Read and answer the quiz. Check your answers. Then answer the questions.

	Looks Owners						
1.	What	does	VOUL	body	lose	every	hour?

- 2. What part of the body sends signals and makes electricity?
- 3. What is one thing that changes as you age?
- 4. What cells live in the stomach?
- 5. What's another name for small living things?

C GROUP WORK What information in the quiz is most surprising? What else do you know about the human body? Tell your classmates.



SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.								
I can	Very well	ок	A little					
Talk about ways to celebrate holidays (Ex. 1)								
Use future time expressions (Ex. 1, 2)								
Understand conversations about problems (Ex. 3)								
Talk about problems (Ex. 4)								
Ask how people are and give advice (Ex. 4)								
	_	_	_					
CDEAKING Halidanana								
SPEAKING Holiday customs								
A Complete the questions with names of different holidays.								
Are you going to ?	Name							
eat special food on								
give gifts on								
have a party on								
play music on	play music on							
wear special clothes on								
B CLASS ACTIVITY Are your classmates going to do the things in part A? Go around the class and find out. Try to write a different person's name on each line. SPEAKING Future plans								
Complete these questions with different time expressions. Add one more Then ask a partner the questions.	question.							
1. How are you going to get hometonight? 2. What time are you going to go to bed? 3. Where are you going to go? 4. What are you going to do? 5. Who are you going to eat dinner with? 6?								



CISTENING Everyone has problems.

Listen to six conversations. Number the pictures from 1 to 6.



This person can't dance very well.



This person has the flu.



This person needs some ketchup.



This person has a backache.



This person doesn't want to go to the dentist.



This person feels sad.

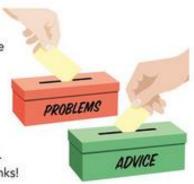
SPEAKING Thanks for the advice!

A Write a problem on a piece of paper. Then write advice for the problem on a different piece of paper.

I have a toothache.

Call your dentist.

- B CLASS ACTIVITY Put the papers with problems and the papers with advice in two different boxes. Then take a new paper from each box. Go around the class and find the right advice for your problem.
 - A: I feel terrible.
 - B: What's the matter?
 - A: I have a toothache.
 - B: I can help. Drink some tea.
 - A: Er . . . I don't know. But thanks, anyway.
- A: I feel awful.
- C: Why? What's wrong?
- A: I have a toothache.
- C: I know! Call your dentist.
- A: That's great advice. Thanks!



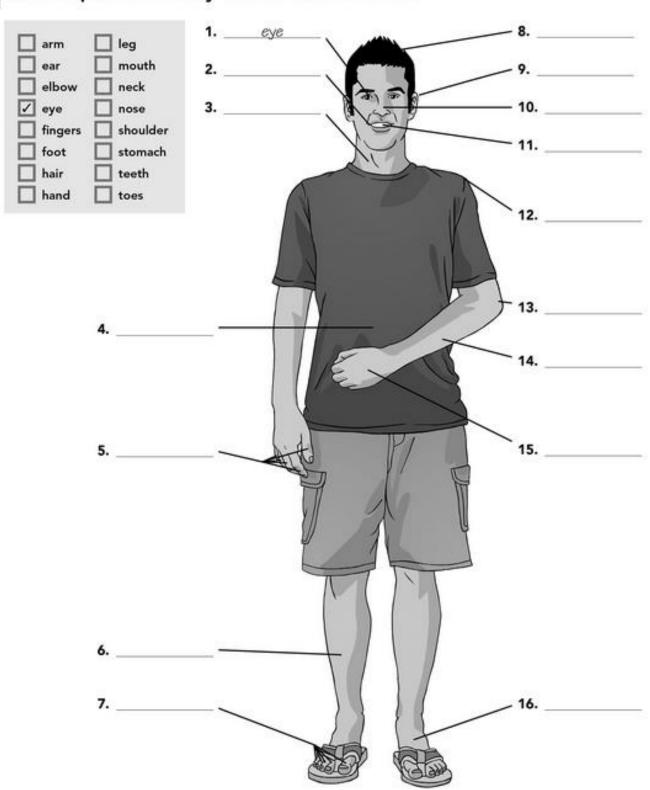
WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?



WORKBOOK

Label the parts of the body. Use the words in the box.





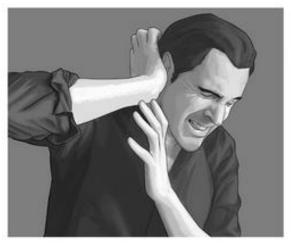
What's wrong with these people? Write sentences.







2



3



4



5.



6.



	100 A 40 C 10 H	1000	(4) 40 (20)	177
he Ji	Complete the conversations.	Heatha musetions	and contoners in the	have
P 3	Complete the conversations.	. Use the questions	s and sentences in the	DOX.

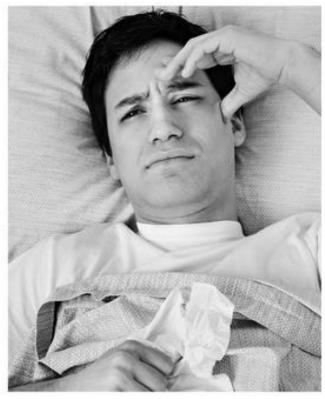
	How o	See you later. lo you feel today? e, thanks. How about you?	So, ar		est. ng to go to the meeting this afternoon? Are you going to see a doctor?
Tue	sday mo			ursday m	3.50
1.		Hi, Camila. How are you?	2.	Camila:	
		I'm fine, thanks. How about you?		7.0	Taran and the same of the same
	Jake:	Not so good. Actually, I feel really awful.			I feel much better.
	Camila:				
			_	Jake:	Thanks.
	Jake:	I think I have the flu.		Camila:	
	Camila:		-20		
		-		Jake:	Yes, I am.
	Jake:	No, I'm going to go home now.		Camila:	
	Camila:				
	Jake:	OK. Thanks.			







Complete the sentences with the correct me	dications.
1. His nose is very congested. He needs some	
nasal spray	
2. I have a horrible cold, so I'm going to buy	
some	
3. Your eyes look red and tired. Get some	Cough Antacid
Alan has a stomachache, so he's going to get some	drea Aspirin
5. I have a terrible headache. I need some	Cold Pills
6. Mandy's cough sounds awful. I'm going to give her some	ALIR SOLO
■ My head feels terrible. ✓ I'm not happy. ■ I have a stomachache. □ I'm sorry to hear that. ■ What's wrong? □ I'm very tired. ■ I'm glad to hear that. □ I have a sore throat.	
1. I feel sad.	
I'm not happy.	
2. What's the matter?	
3. I'm exhausted.	375
4. That's too bad.	121
5. That's good.	
6. I have a headache.	



ANA C. TORRES 35

7. My stomach hurts.

8. My throat is sore.



6 Give these people advice. Use the phrases in the box.

drink some water	have a hot drink
go home early	lift heavy things
✓ go outside	stay up late
go to the grocery store	work too hard





1. Don't go outside.





3. _____





-





7. ______ 8. _____



	ave a sore throat.	Don't go t	to work today. Drink	some chamomile te	a.
I n	ave a toothache.				
Th	ave a cough.				
. I h	ave a cold.				
	ave a stomachache.				
	ave a headache.				
	ave the flu.				
I h	ave a fever.				
eal	th survey				
	w healthy and happy a	are you?			
Co	mplete the survey.				
				_	
_	Harry offers	do w	ou ?		
	How ofter	i ao yi	ou		
ı	now ofter	Often	Sometimes	Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache			Hardly ever	Never
				Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache			Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache get a cold			Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache get a cold get the flu			Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache get a cold get the flu get a stomachache			Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache get a cold get the flu get a stomachache stay up late			Hardly ever	Never
	get a headache get an earache get a cold get the flu get a stomachache			Hardly ever	Never



Did you have fun?

SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



Check (<) the activities you usually do on weekends. Do you like doing them? Why or why not? What other activities do you do on the weekends?

CONVERSATION Did you have a good weekend?

Listen and practice.





GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple past statements; regular verbs

stayed | didn't stay Spelling home. home. You watched a TV show. You didn't watch a game. stay → stayed She exercised on Saturday. She didn't exercise on Sunday. -> watched We studied English. We didn't study math. exercise -> exercised for clothes. They shopped for groceries. They didn't shop → studied shop → shopped didn't = did not

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

A Ray is talking about his weekend. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

On Friday night, I_	wanted	(want)	to go out, but my
friends	(not ca		(decide)
to stay home, and I		(play) video games.
On Saturday, I		(visit) my	friend Pablo.
We	(talk) and	050	(listen) to
music. In the evening	g, he		(invite) some
friends over, and we		(cod	ok) a great
meal. I	(not wo	ork) very ha	ard on Sunday. I
(no	t study) at a	all. I just _	(walk
to the mall and	- 0	(shop).	

B Complete the sentences. Use your own information. Then compare with a partner.

1.	Yesterday, I	(watch) a basketball game.
-		

- 2. Last night, I _____ (stay) home.
- 3. Last week, I _____ (clean) the house.
- 4. Last month, I (shop) for clothes.
- Last year, I ______ (visit) a different country.



PRONUNCIATION Simple past -ed endings.

A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of -ed.

/t/	/d/	/td/
worked	cleaned	wanted
watched	stayed	visited

B Listen and write these verbs under the correct sounds.

cooked decided exercised invited listened shopped

GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple past statements: irregular verbs



I **did** my homework. I **didn't do** the laundry.



You **got up** at noon. You **didn't get up** at 8:00.



She went to the bookstore. She didn't go to the library.



We **met** our classmates.

We **didn't meet** our teacher.



You **came** home late. You **didn't come** home early.



They had a barbecue.

They didn't have a picnic.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

A Complete the chart. Then listen and check.

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past
	bought		made		saw
	ate		read /rɛd/		sat
	felt		rode		took

B PAIR WORK Did you do the things in the pictures yesterday? Tell your partner.

"Yesterday, I didn't do my homework. But I did the laundry. . . . "

SPEAKING Last weekend

- A Write five things you did and five things you didn't do last weekend.
- B GROUP WORK Tell your classmates about your weekend.
 - A: I went to a party last weekend.
 - B: I didn't go to a party. But I met my friends.
 - C: I met my friends, too! We went . . .

Things I did	Things I didn't do
I went to a party.	I didn't clean the house
I danced a lot.	I didn't see a movie.
dia.	I didn't



CONVERSATION Did you have fun?

Listen and practice.



KIM Hi, Martin! Welcome back! So, did you go to Montreal?



MARTIN No, I didn't. I went to Sydney with my sister.



KIM Really? Did you like it?



MARTIN Yeah, we loved it! We visited the Opera House and went to Bondi Beach.



KIM Did you go surfing?



MARTIN No, we didn't. Actually, we went swimming in the Ocean Pool. And one day we climbed Sydney Harbor Bridge.



KIM Wow! Did you have fun?



MARTIN Yes, I did. But my sister didn't like climbing very much. She got really tired.



GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple past yes/no questions

Did you have a good summer?

Yes, I did. I had a great summer.

Did you go surfing?

No, I didn't. I went swimming.

Did Martin like his vacation?

Yes, he did. He liked it a lot.

Did Martin and his sister go to Montreal?

No, they didn't. They went to Sydney.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

Δ	Complete	the conversations	Then practice with a partner	
M	Complete	trie conversations.	Then bractice with a partner	

1.	A:	Did	youl	have	(have) a good sur	mmer?
	B:	Yes, I	1_		(have) a great	summer.
		1	(go) out v	with my f	riends a lot.	
2.	A:		you	182	(go) anywhere las	st summer?
	B:	No, I	.1		(stay) here.	
		1	(get) a pa	art-time jo	ob, so I	(make)
		some extra n	noney.	-		
3.	A:		you		(take) any classes	last summer?
	B:	Yes, I	.1.		(take) tennis le	essons, and
		1	(play) ten	nis every		
4.	A:		you	303000 CR CO C 5	_ (speak) English la	st summer?
	B:	No, I	. But	1	(read) blo	gs
		in English, an	d I	(wa	atch) English movie	

B PAIR WORK Ask the questions from part A.

Answer with your own information.

A: Did you have a good summer?

B: Yes, I did. I went to the beach every day.



41



1 Simple past statements: regular verbs and irregular verbs (pages 93–94)



- Use simple past verbs to talk about the past. Regular verbs end in -ed: I **watched** TV last night. For verbs ending in -e, add -d: live \rightarrow lived. For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add -ed: shop \rightarrow shopped.
- Use didn't + base form in negative statements. The form doesn't change: He didn't shop for groceries yesterday. (NOT: He didn't shopped for groceries

Daniela wrote an email to a friend. Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

ш	

Ididn't do (not do) anything special this weekend, but I (have) a lot of fun. I (stay) home.
I (clean) my room and (do) laundry. I (help)
my sister with her homework, and then we (watch) TV. On Saturday,
my friend Taylor (come) over. She (need) some new
shoes, so we (take) the bus downtown to Harry's Shoe Store. We
(shop) for a long time, but Taylor (not like) any of the shoes
at Harry's. She (buy) some purple socks, but she (not buy)
any shoes. On our way back to my house, we (stop) at the gym and
(exercise). We (not exercise) very hard. I (invite)
Taylor for dinner, and my dad (cook) hamburgers in the yard. After dinner,
Taylor and I (talk) and (play) video games. She
(not stay) very late – Mom (drive) her home at around ten.
On Sunday, my whole family (visit) my mother's best friend and her family.
They have a swimming pool, so my sister and I (go) swimming all afternoon.

Tell me about your weekend!



2 Simple past yes/no questions (page 95)



Use did + base form in questions. The form doesn't change: Did you have fun yesterday? (NOT: Did you had fun yesterday?)

Complete the conversation. Use the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

A:	Did youenjoy (enjoy) your vacation?
B:	Yes, I (have) a great time.
A:	you (take) a lot of pictures?
B:	No, we But we (buy) a lot of postcards.
A:	That's good you (see) a lot of interesting things?
B:	Yes, we And we (eat) a lot of new foods.
A:	How about you? you (have) a good summer?
B:	Well, I (not go) anywhere, but I (read) a lot of good books
	and (see) some great movies.



LISTENING Did you have a good summer? Listen to Fernando, Olivia, Cameron, and Abigail. What did they do last summer? Check (/) the correct answers. Olivia Fernando Cameron Abigail stayed home watched videos went bike riding worked in the yard visited his brother read books went swimming got a job went to the beach watched TV played baseball painted the house WORD POWER Summer activities A Find two words from the list that go with each verb in the chart. Then listen and check. a new bike up late a barbecue get a picnic beach volleyball soccer go a summer class camping have ✓ a new bike swimming meet new people a trip play old friends ✓ up late take B PAIR WORK Add two activities to the list. Check (/) six things to ask your partner. Then ask and answer questions. Did you . . . last summer? do anything interesting play any games eat any new foods read any books see any museum exhibits see any movies meet any interesting people take any classes play any sports take any trips A: Did you do anything interesting last summer? B: Yes, I did. I went white-water rafting. C CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's summer. "Last summer, Alma went white-water rafting with some friends. They had a lot of fun." **INTERCHANGE 14** Past activities

Did you and your partner do similar things when you were children? Go to Interchange 14 on page 129.



interchange 14 PAST AND PRESENT 🙈

A PAIR WORK Ask your partner questions about his or her past and present. Check () the answers.

A: Did you argue with your friends as a child?

B: Yes, I did. OR No, I didn't.

A: Do you argue with your friends now?

B: Yes, I do. OR No, I don't.



B GROUP WORK Join another pair. Tell them about changes in your partner's life.

"Hee-jin argued with her friends as a child, but she doesn't argue with her friends now."





A Scan the social media posts. Who had a busy weekend? Who saw old friends on the weekend? Who had fun learning something new? Who had a terrible weekend?



 Nick got married. 	Nick's best friend got married.
2. On the way to the wedding, Nick's truck broke down.	
3. Jessie's parasailing class was terrible.	
It was Jessie's second parasailing class.	
5. Armando watched TV on Saturday morning.	7
Armando fixed his car and walked his dog.	8
7. Juliette went running on Sunday morning.	
8. Juliette is married and has a baby.	

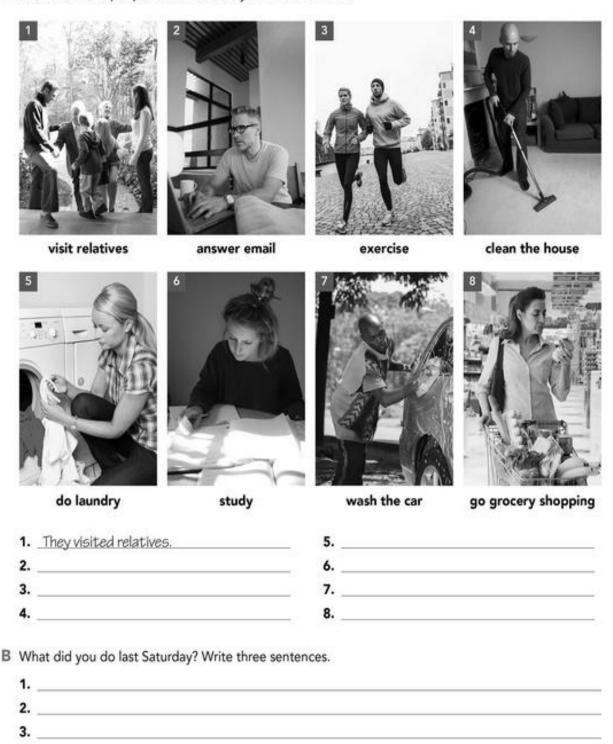
C PAIR WORK How was your weekend? Did you have fun? Why? Why not? Tell your partner.



WORKBOOK

Last Saturday

A What did these people do last Saturday? Write sentences.





Kim and Alisha are sending text messages. Complete the sentences. Use the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

Alisha How was your weekend? It was really busy. Iworked (work) on Friday, then I (invite) friends over after work. I (cook) dinner for them. We (listen) to music and (talk) about work, but they (not stay) very late. Alisha What did you do on Saturday and Sunday? I (get up) early on Saturday because I (play) basketball with Angela. Then I (visit) relatives. We (walk) downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends. I (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.		Messages
It was really busy. Iworked (work) on Friday, then I (invite) friends over after work. I (cook) dinner for them. We (listen) to music and (talk) about work, but they (not stay) very late. Alisha What did you do on Saturday and Sunday? I (get up) early on Saturday because I (play) basketball with Angela. Then I (visit) relatives. We (walk) downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends. I (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.	Alisha	
Friday, then I		How was your weekend?
What did you do on Saturday and Sunday? I (get up) early on Saturday because I (play) basketball with Angela. Then I (visit) relatives. We (walk) downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends. I (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.		Friday, then I (invite) friends over after work. I (cook) dinner for them. We (listen) to music and (talk) about work, but they
I (get up) early on Saturday because I (play) basketball with Angela. Then I (visit) relatives. We (walk) downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends. I (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.	Alisha	(not stay, very late.
(play) basketball with Angela. Then I(visit) relatives. We(walk) downtown and(eat) dinner. Oh, and we(see) a movie. On Sunday, I(study) for my math test with my friends. I(do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.		
downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends. I (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.		(play) basketball with Angela. Then I
		downtown and (eat) dinner. Oh, and we (see) a movie. On Sunday, I (study) for my math test with my friends.
Alisha	Alisha	i (do) laundry on Sunday afternoon, too.
Wow! That was a busy weekend! I		(not do) much this weekend. I (answer) email on Friday night and I (watch) TV, too. On Saturday, I (not get up) early. I (clean) the house and I (go) grocery shopping. I



Claudia and Hiro did different things last weekend. Write sentences about them.



1. watch TV	Claudia watched TV. Hiro didn't watch TV.
2. go to a museum	
3. ride a bicycle	
4. cook	
5. study	
6. shop	
7. play tennis	



4 Complete the chart.

Present	Past	Present	Past
buy	bought	go	
come			had
	did	read	
eat	2	ride	2
	felt		saw
	met	sit	25 000000

5 Complete the conversation. Use the simple past forms of the verbs in parentheses.

Aaron:	So, Beth,	did	you	
	have	(have)	a good summer?	
Beth:	Well, I		(have) an interesting	
	summer. My sist	ter and	her family	1
		(come) to visit for two weeks	
Aaron:	That's nice.			TO LAN
Beth:	Yes and no. My	sister_	(not fee	
	well, so she	0 70	(sit) on the sofa	1
			ratch) TV. She hardly ev	er Prida
		(get up	o).	5 3/-
Aaron:	Oh, well		her husband and ki	ds
		(have)	a good time?	
Beth:	I think so. They		(play) volleyb	all
	and	(ri	de) their bikes every d	ay.
Aaron:		you _	(go out)	to do
	any restaurants			
Beth:	No, I	(cook) breakfast,	
	lunch, and dinn			
	They	(eat) a lot of food, but	
	they	(r	not wash) any dishes.	
Aaron:	That's too bad.		you	(relax) at all last summer?
Beth:	Yes. My sister a	nd her f	amily finally	(go) home, and then
	1	(relax). I just	(read) some books and
		(listen)	to music.	



Unscramble the questions about last summer. Then answer with your own information.



Last summer, ?	
1. did any books you read good	
A: Did you read any good books?	
B: Yes, I did. I read three great books	/ No, I didn't. I read one boring book.
2. go interesting anywhere you did	
A:	
B:	
3. any take did you pictures	
A:	
B:	
4. buy you did anything interesting	
A:	
B:	
5. did eat you foods any new	
A:	
B:	
6. games did you any play	
A:	
B:	
7. you did sports play any	
A:	
B:	
8. you did interesting meet any pe	eople
A:	
B:	
9. any see you did movies good	
A:	
D.	



Summer activities

A The Johnson family did many fun activities last summer. Write sentences about them.

2.





1. They rode horses.





3.





5.







M. a	
A PARA	
a stable	Director.

B Write sentences about your activities last summer.

1			_
2			
3			



Where did you grow up?

SNAPSHOT

C Listen and practice.



Match the people with the countries where they were born. Then check your answers. What famous people were born in your country? What do they do?

CONVERSATION I was born in Brazil.





GRAMMAR FOCUS

Past of be

I was born here. I wasn't born in Italy.
You were pretty young. You weren't very old.
She was seven. She wasn't in college.
We were at the hair salon. We weren't at the café.
They were born in Milan. They weren't born in Rome.

weren't = were not wasn't = was not

Were you in class yesterday? Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

Was your first teacher American?

Yes, she was. / No, she wasn't.

Were your parents born in the U.S.?

Yes, they were. / No, they weren't.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 146

A Bianca is talking about her family. Choose the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

My family and I_	were	(was / were) all born in E	Brazil –
we	_ (wasn't /	weren't) born in the U.S. I	(was / were)
born in the city of	f Recife, and	my brother	_ (was / were) born
there, too. My pa	rents	(wasn't / weren't	born in Recife.
They	(was / v	vere) born in Rio de Janeiro	. In Rio, my father
(was / were)	a teacher and my mother _	(was / were)
an engineer. They	have their	own business in Recife now	

- B PAIR WORK Look at the picture below. Ask and answer these questions.
 - 1. Was Tessa on time for class yesterday?
 - 2. Was it English class?
 - 3. Was it a sunny day?
 - 4. Was it 10:00?

- 5. Was Mr. Walker very angry?
- 6. Were Alyssa and Jacob late to class?
- 7. Were they at the board?
- 8. Were the windows open?



A: Was Tessa on time for class yesterday?

B: No, she wasn't. She was late. Was it English class?



PRONUNCIATION Negative contractions

A Listen and practice.

or	ie syllable	two syllables		
aren't	don't	isn't	doesn't	
weren't	can't	wasn't	didn't	

B Listen and practice.

They didn't like the comedy because it wasn't funny.

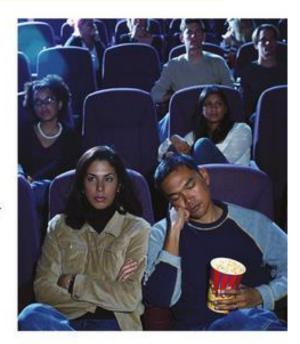
I don't like coffee, and she doesn't like tea.

This isn't my book. I can't read French.

They weren't in class yesterday, and they aren't in class today.

C Write four sentences with negative contractions. Then read them to a partner.

> I didn't go to the party because my friends weren't there.



CONVERSATION I grew up in New York.

Listen and practice.





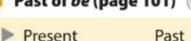
GRAMMAR FOCUS

Wh-questions with did, was, and were	
Where did you grow up?	I grew up in New York.
What did your father do there?	He worked in a department store.
When did you come to Los Angeles?	I came to Los Angeles in 2008.
Why did you become a hairstylist?	Because I needed the money.
Where were you born?	I was born in Brooklyn.
When were you born?	I was born in 1990.
How old were you in 2008?	I was eighteen.
What was your major in college?	Photography. I was a photographer for five years.
	GRAMMAR PLUS see page 14
Match the questions with the answers. The	hen compare with a partner.
1. Where were you born? _e_	a. His name was Akio.
2. Where did you grow up?	b. He was really friendly.
3. How was your first day of school?	 c. I wanted to improve my English.
4. Who was your best friend in school?	d. I grew up in Tokyo.
5. What was he like?	e. In Kyoto, Japan.
6. Why did you take this class?	f. It was a little scary.
GROUP WORK Ask the questions. Use a in your answers.	
1. When were you born?	1900 = nineteen hundred
2. When was your father born?	1906 = nineteen oh six
3. When was your mother born?	1995 = nineteen ninety-five
4. When did you turn 13?	2000 = two thousand
5. When did you start high school?	2007 = two thousand (and) seven
When did you begin to study English?	? 2015 = two thousand (and) fifteen OR twenty-fifteen
ISTENING I wasn't born here.	
2153.A. (2007) W 237	WHEN 0. W
Listen. What year were these people bor	n? Complete the sentences.
Listen. What year were these people bor 1. Melissa was born in	n? Complete the sentences. 3. Kumiko was born in
Listen. What year were these people bor	n? Complete the sentences.
	n? Complete the sentences. 3. Kumiko was born in 4. Omar was born in
Listen. What year were these people bor 1. Melissa was born in 2. Colin was born in	n? Complete the sentences. 3. Kumiko was born in 4. Omar was born in





1 Past of be (page 101) 🐀



am/is → was
are → were

Complete the conversations with was, wasn't, were, or weren't.

1.	A:	Were you here yesterday?
	B:	No, I home in bed.
	A:	Oh, you sick?
	B:	No. I just really tired.
2.	A:	Where you born?
	B:	I born here in New York.
	A:	Really? What about your parents? they born here, too?
	B:	No, they They born in Brazil – in Salvador.
3.	A:	Where Yusef last week? he on vacation?
	B:	Yes, he in Spain. They in Barcelona.

A: it a good trip?

B: Yes, it was. Yusef said it a terrific trip!



2 Wh-questions with did, was, and were (page 103)



- Don't use did with the past of be: Where were you last Tuesday? (NOT: Where did you were last Tuesday?) Use did in simple past questions with other verbs: Where did you go last Tuesday?
- Because answers the question Why?

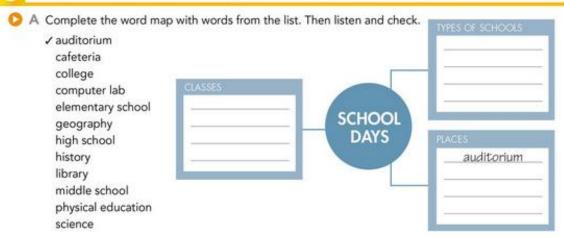
Complete the questions. Use the words in the box.



- 1. A:Haw..... was your childhood?
 - B: I had a fantastic childhood!
- 2. A: did you grow up?
 - B: I grew up in Dallas, Texas.
- 3. A: were you when you started school?
 - B: I think I was five.
- 4. A: did you leave home?
 - B: In 2008.
- 5. A: was your best friend in high school?



WORD POWER School days



B PAIR WORK Find out about your partner's elementary, middle, or high school days. Ask these questions. Then tell the class.

What classes did you take? Who was your favorite teacher? Why? What was your favorite class? Why? Where did you spend your free time? Why? What classes didn't you like? Why not? What was a typical day of school like? Who was your best friend? What didn't you like about school?

"In high school, Julian's favorite class was physical education because he liked to play sports . . ."

SPEAKING Can you remember . . . ?

- A GROUP WORK How often do you have English class? What do you remember from your last class? Ask and answer these questions.
 - 1. Who was in class? Who wasn't there?
 - 2. Who was late that day?
 - 3. Who was very tired?
 - 4. What color were your teacher's shoes?
 - 5. What were your teacher's first words?
 - 6. Did all the students bring their books?
 - 7. What did you learn?
 - 8. What did you do after class?
- B CLASS ACTIVITY What does your group remember? Tell the class.

INTERCHANGE 15 This is your life.

Did you and your partner do similar things when you were children? Go to Interchange 15 on page 130.





interchange 15 LIFE EVENTS 🕤

A What were five important events in your life? Mark the years and events on the time line. Then write a sentence about each one.



I was born ...



I started elementary school . . .



I won an award . . .



I opened a bank account . . .



I traveled with friends . . .



I graduated from high school . . .



I moved to a new place . . .



I started college . . .



	I was born in 1992.
2.	
3.	
ŀ.	
-	

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her time line.
- A: What happened in 2003?
- B: I moved to a new place.
- A: How old were you?
- B: I was twelve.



TREADING O

A Scan the article. What is a "third culture kid?" Do you know anyone who moved to another country?

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH the story of a third c Tuticorin Tommy was born in Colombo, the largest city Looking back, Colombo in the island country of Sri Lanka. The streets Tommy remembers of Colombo were busy, and Tommy loved the learning that the culture in the colors, sights, and smells. He played on sandy beaches with his friends. He spoke Sinhalese United States with his friends and family and learned English was different from the culture in Sri Lanka. at school. He loved visiting the neighborhood Not better, not worse, just different. Tommy markets with his family to buy fresh fruits and learned new things every day. He learned vegetables. Typical Sri Lankan dishes made Spanish in school. He also learned ways that with coconuts and rice were some of his people in the U.S. communicate with each other. favorite foods. Tommy remembers everyone saying "How are you doing?" but it wasn't a question. It was like When he was six, Tommy moved with his saying "Hi!" parents to a small town near New York City. His parents both had new jobs there. For Tommy was a "third culture kid." That means he Tommy, life in his new town was a big surprise. was raised in a different country than his parents. Everything was different! The streets were Many third culture kids believe that they are quieter and less colorful. lucky. They know and understand more than one The grocery stores sold so culture, and they often speak more than one many different types of fruits, language. Tommy went to college in Los Angeles vegetables, cheeses, and and studied languages. Now he works for a big cereals. There were so many charity that helps children around the world get restaurants in his new town a good education. he tried Italian food, Chinese food, Greek food, and Mexican food. The weather Sometimes it's hard to learn a whole new way of was different, too. Tommy life, but Tommy says it's the best thing that ever saw snow for the very happened. He calls Sri Lanka "home" and the first time! U.S. "home," too!

B Read the article. Check () True or False. False True 1. Tommy lived in Sri Lanka most of his life. He was born in Sri Lanka. Tommy liked traditional Sri Lankan food. 4. He didn't learn any new languages in the U.S. 5. In the U.S., Tommy ate mostly at Sri Lankan restaurants. 6. Tommy is happy to be a third culture kid. C Number these events in Tommy's life from 1 (first) to 8 (last). a. Tommy saw snow for the first time. e. He learned a new language in the U.S. b. Tommy went to college. f. Tommy was born on an island. c. Tommy moved to the U.S. g. In Sri Lanka, Tommy studied English in school. h. He works for a charity in the U.S. d. As a small boy, Tommy played on the beach.

ANA C. TORRES 59

D GROUP WORK Tommy thinks living in another culture is a good thing. Why do you think he says that? Do you agree? Tell your classmates.



WORKBOOK

Complete the conversation. Use the sentences in the box.



N N	vas sixteen. No, it wasn't. I loved it! No, I wasn't. I was born in Europe. No, I'm from Belgium. We moved here in 2009. Vas born in Brussels. Yes, they were. We were all born there.
Marie:	Were you born here in the U.S., Marie? No, I wasn't. I was born in Europe. Oh, were you born in France?
Jason: Marie: Jason:	Really? What city were you born in? Were your parents born in Brussels, too?
Marie:	And why did you come to the U.S.? So when did you move here?
	Really? How old were you then?
Jason:	Was it scary?



Complete these conversations with was, wasn't, were, or weren't.

1.	Sandra:	Were	you born in	
		the U.S., Ivan?		
	Ivan:	Yes, I	My brother and I	
			born here in Miami.	
	Sandra:	1	born here, too. What	
		about your parents?		
		they born here?		
	Ivan:	Well, my father	He	
			born in Cuba, but my	
		mother	born in the	
		U.S. – in Detroit		
	Sandra:	Detroit? Really?	My parents	
			born in Detroit, too!	
2.	Kristin: I called you on Saturday, be		Saturday, but you	
			home.	
	Jennifer:	No, I	1	
		at the beach all weekend.		
	Kristin:	: That's nice. How th		
		weather there?		
	Jennifer:	lt	beautiful.	
	Kristin:		your parents there?	
	Jennifer:	No, they	.1	
			with my sister. It	
			great!	
3.	Mindy:		you in college last	
	W00000	year, Alan?	15 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
	Alan:	No. I	I graduated from	
		college two yea		
	Mindy:	So where	you last year?	
	Alan:	I	_ in Japan.	
	Mindy:	Oh!	you in Tokyo?	
	Ziuit.	No, I I in Osaka. I had a job there.		
	Mindy	What		
	Alan:	1	an English teacher.	









Write four sentences about each person.



Marie Curie, scientist (1867–1934)

- born in Poland
- won Nobel Prizes in 1903 and 1911



Gabriel García Márquez, author (1927–2014)

- born in Colombia
- wrote One Hundred Years of Solitude, 1967



Maya Angelou, author (1928–2014)

- · born in the U.S.
- wrote I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings, 1969



Pat Morita, actor (1932–2005)

- · born in the U.S.
- was in the movie The Karate Kid, 1984



Grace Kelly, actress (1929-1982)

- · born in the U.S.
- married Prince Rainier III of Monaco, 1956



Salvador Dalí, artist (1904–1989)

- · born in Spain
- painted The Persistence of Memory, 1931

1.	Marie Curie was a scientist. She was born in 1867 in Poland.		
	She won Nobel Prizes in 1903 and 1911. She died in 1934.		
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			



4 Complete these questions. Use the words in the box.

		How How old	What When Where Who Why	
1.	A:	What	_ was your favorite subject in high school?	
	B:	It was art.		
2.	A:		was your favorite teacher?	
B: My art teacher, Mrs. Heintz.		My art teacher, Mrs. Heint	z.	
3.	A:		_ did you graduate from high school?	
	B:	In 2006.		
4.	A:		did you go to college?	
	B:	I went to Duke University.		
5.	A:		_ did you study physics?	
B: Because I wanted to become an astron		Because I wanted to beco	me an astronaut!	
6.	A:		were your professors in college?	
	B:	They were great.	reacted the state of the set of t	
7. A		455 E	were you when you graduated?	
	B:	I was 22 years old.	TO 100 M TO 100 M TO 100 M TO 100 TO 100 M TO 10	

Write whether each sentence is true or false. Correct the false sentences.



1.	Students usually go to middle school before elementary school.
	False. Students usually go to middle school after elementary school. /
	Students usually go to elementary school before middle school.
2.	Students often study in the library.
3.	Students never eat lunch in the cafeteria.
4.	Physical education classes are almost always in an auditorium.
5.	Students usually study history and science in high school.



6 Unscramble the questions about your elementary school days. Then answer with your own information.



1.	was your of school how first day		
	A: How was your first day of school?		
	B:		
2.	your was teacher who favorite		
	A:		
	B:		
3.	favorite was your what class		
	A:		
	B:		
4.	your who best were friends		
	A:		
	B:		
5.	spend did your where you free time		
	A:		
	B:		
6.	leave did when you elementary school		
	A:		
	B:		



Childhood memories

A Complete the questions with did, was, or were. Then answer the questions. Use short answers.

1.	A:	Were	you born here?	
	B:	Yes, I was. /	No, I wasn't.	
2.	A:		you grow up in a big city?	
	B:			
3.	A:		you play sports?	
	B:		7	
4.	A:		your home near your school?	
	B:			
5.	A:		you ride a bus to school?	
	B:			
6.	A:		you a good student?	
	B:			
7.	A:		your teachers nice?	
	B:			
8.	A:		you have a lot of friends?	
	B:			
9.	A:		your grandparents live near yo	
	B:			
0.	A:		both your parents work?	
	B:			





B Write	ntences about your childhood.
1	
2.	
3.	
-	
4	
5	
6.	



IRREGULAR VERBS

base form	Simple past	past participle
be	was/were	been
become	became	become
begin	began	begun
bite	bit	bit/ bitten
bleed	bled	bled
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
build	built	built
burn	burned/burnt	burned / burnt
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
dream	dreamed/dreamt	dreamed / dreamt
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feed	fed	fed
feel	felt	felt
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fit	fit	fit
flee	fled	fled
fly	flew	flown
forbid	forbade	forbidden
forget	forgot	forgotten
get	got	gotten
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
grow	grew	grown
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hit	hit	hit
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known
leave	left	left

base form	simple past	past participle
lend	lent	lent
let	let	let
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid
put	put	put
quit	quit	quit
read / rid/	read / red/	read / red/
ride	rode	ridden
ring	rang	rung
rise	rose	risen
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
sew	sewed	sewn
shake	shook	shaken
sing	sang	sung
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
speak	spoke	spoken
spend	spent	spent
spread	spread	spread
stand	stood	stood
steal	stole	stolen
stick	stuck	stuck
sting	stung	stung
strike	struck	struck
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thown
understand	understood	understood
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written



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- Doff, Adrian., (2016) Empower. Cambridge.
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Linkografía

UNIDAD I: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0 -8yPyCDHI&t=255s

https://youtu.be/MzTzXemnCqo

https://youtu.be/IpmmTWcjVbM

UNIDAD II: WHAT'S THE MATTER?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=edhi0yz4Rko

 $\underline{\text{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LpVTX4xiWis}}$

UNIDAD III: DID YOU HAVE FUN?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fLHrVG3IpbM&t=65s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6yjXVinmT-c

Past simple

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mwh_IWwwN8Y

Regular verbs

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oggGZKVJvfw

Irregular verbs

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MA3NFtLc22k&t=2s



UNIDAD IV: WHERE DID YOU GROW- UP?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-PjxWSLGXo8

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DfmzIqzDjt8

Past simple

https://youtu.be/MI3S3kdkofo

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DQlzxDz5T0w

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aMAsFdOdnRk