



ENGLISH CLASS

LEVEL 3

Start of classes: 08:03am / 10:33am / 12:13pm

End of classes: 09:40am / 12:10pm / 13:50pm



NO cell phone use in this classroom



Do not eat inside the classroom



Limited permissions

May I go to the restroom?



Who

- Ask about person
- Act as subject of the sentence



- Who is that woman?
- Who are you phoning?

Where

- Asking in or at what place or position



- Where do you live?
- Where are my boots?

When

- Asking about time, occasion, moment



- When can I see you?
- When did you last see him?

Why

- Asking for reason, explanation



- Why were you late?
- Why was he late?

What

- Asking for specific thing, object



- What's the matter?
- What time is it?

How

- Asking for way, manner, form



- How does it work?
- How do you go to school?

Which

- Asking about choice
- Which is better exercise? – swimming or tennis
- Which of the applicants has got the job?



How many

- Asking about quantity
- Used with countable nouns
- How many people were there?



How often

- Asking about frequency
- How often do you go swimming?





WH- QUESTIONS (?)

Where	does	Nadine	work	at the weekend?
What	does	she	do	in the week?
Where	does	she	live	in New York?
What	does	she	do	in her free time?
When	does	he	get up	on Sunday?
When	does	it	start?	

Present Simple

TIP: We can't say: "~~where does Nadine works at the weekend?~~"

YES / NO QUESTIONS (?)	SHORT ANSWERS.
Does he know Nadine?	Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.
Does she like Manchester?	Yes, she does. No, she doesn't.
Does it start at 7.30?	Yes, it does. No, it doesn't.

TIP: We use "does" in questions with "he", "she", "it"

We use "do" in questions with "I", "you", "we", "they".

GRAMMAR

Present Simple (he, she, it): positive and negative, questions and short answers.

AFFIRMATIVE (+)

In positive sentences with he, she and it we add **-s** or **-es** to the verb.

Example: she **leaves** home at 8:15.

Example: he **watches** TV in the evening.

Example: it **finishes** at midnight.

Present Simple

spelling rule	examples
most verbs: add -s	likes, leaves, works, gets, sleeps
verbs ending in -ch or -sh : add -es	watches, teaches, finishes
verbs ending in consonant + y : y → -ies	studies
the verbs go and do : add -es	goes does
the verb have is irregular	has

NEGATIVE (-)

He	doesn't	have	a car.	(doesn't = does not)
She	doesn't	like	mornings.	
It	doesn't	start	today.	

GRAMMAR

The Simple Present tense: questions with “when” and “what time”.

When do you take a shower? (In the morning.)

What time does she get up? (Before 7:00 A.M.)

before 8:00



after 8:00



Examples:

When does he go to school?

When do you play soccer?

What time does he take a shower in the morning?

What time do you take breakfast?